Analyses of Weapons-Grade MOX VVER-1000 Neutronics Benchmarks: Pin-Cell Calculations with SCALE/SAS2H

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FISSILE MATERIALS DISPOSITION PROGRAM

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CONTENTS

LIST OF TABLES	LIST OF FIGURES	
ABSTRACT	LIST OF TABLES	vi
2 BENCHMARK SPECIFICATIONS 9 2.1 MATERIALS SPECIFICATION 10 2.2 DESCRIPTION OF GEOMETRY 11 2.3 BENCHMARK FUEL VARIANTS 12 2.4 SPECIFICATION OF STATES 13 2.5 PARAMETERS CALCULATED IN THE BENCHMARK 13 3 MODELING METHODOLOGY 14 3.1 THE SCALE-4.3/SAS2H CODE - USED IN THIS STUDY 14 3.2 DESCRIPTION OF MODELING CODES USED IN OTHER STUDIES 16 3.2.1 HELIOS 16 3.2.2 MCU-RFFI/A 17 3.2.3 TVS-M 18 3.2.4 WIMS-ABBN 19 4 RESULTS AND DISCUSSION 21 4.1 BENCHMARK RESULTS FOR CASES WITHOUT FUEL DEPLETION 21 4.2 BENCHMARK RESULTS FOR CASES WITHOUT FUEL DEPLETION 27 5 SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS 32 REFERENCES 33 APPENDIX A. SAMPLE SAS2H INPUT DATA FILE - CASE V1, S1 (LEU UO2) 34 APPENDIX C. SAMPLE SAS2H INPUT DATA FILE - CASE V10, S1 (RG MOX) 36 APPENDIX C. SAMPLE SAS2H INPUT DATA FILE - CASE V10, S1 (RG MOX) 36 APPENDIX C. SAMPLE SAS2H INPUT DATA FILE - CASE V10, S1 (RG MOX) 36 APPENDIX C. SAMPLE SAS2H INPUT DATA FILE - CASE V10, S1 (RG MOX)	ABSTRACT	7
2.1 MATERIALS SPECIFICATION 10 2.2 DESCRIPTION OF GEOMETRY 11 2.3 BENCHMARK FUEL VARIANTS 12 2.4 SPECIFICATION OF STATES 13 2.5 PARAMETERS CALCULATED IN THE BENCHMARK 13 3 MODELING METHODOLOGY 14 3.1 THE SCALE-4.3/SAS2H CODE – USED IN THIS STUDY 14 3.2 DESCRIPTION OF MODELING CODES USED IN OTHER STUDIES 16 3.2.1 HELIOS 16 3.2.2 MCU-RFFI/A 17 3.2.3 TVS-M 18 3.2.4 WIMS-ABBN 19 4 RESULTS AND DISCUSSION 21 4.1 BENCHMARK RESULTS FOR CASES WITHOUT FUEL DEPLETION 21 4.2 BENCHMARK RESULTS FOR CASES WITH FUEL DEPLETION 27 5 SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS 32 REFERENCES 33 APPENDIX A. SAMPLE SAS2H INPUT DATA FILE – CASE V1, S1 (LEU UO2) 34 APPENDIX C. SAMPLE SAS2H INPUT DATA FILE – CASE V10, S1 (RG MOX) 36 APPENDIX C. SAMPLE SAS2H INPUT DATA FILE – CASE V10, S1 (RG MOX) 36 INTERNAL DISTRIBUTION	1 INTRODUCTION	8
2.1 MATERIALS SPECIFICATION 10 2.2 DESCRIPTION OF GEOMETRY 11 2.3 BENCHMARK FUEL VARIANTS 12 2.4 SPECIFICATION OF STATES 13 2.5 PARAMETERS CALCULATED IN THE BENCHMARK 13 3 MODELING METHODOLOGY 14 3.1 THE SCALE-4.3/SAS2H CODE – USED IN THIS STUDY 14 3.2 DESCRIPTION OF MODELING CODES USED IN OTHER STUDIES 16 3.2.1 HELIOS 16 3.2.2 MCU-RFFI/A 17 3.2.3 TVS-M 18 3.2.4 WIMS-ABBN 19 4 RESULTS AND DISCUSSION 21 4.1 BENCHMARK RESULTS FOR CASES WITHOUT FUEL DEPLETION 21 4.2 BENCHMARK RESULTS FOR CASES WITH FUEL DEPLETION 27 5 SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS 32 REFERENCES 33 APPENDIX A. SAMPLE SAS2H INPUT DATA FILE – CASE V1, S1 (LEU UO2) 34 APPENDIX C. SAMPLE SAS2H INPUT DATA FILE – CASE V10, S1 (RG MOX) 36 APPENDIX C. SAMPLE SAS2H INPUT DATA FILE – CASE V10, S1 (RG MOX) 36 INTERNAL DISTRIBUTION	2 BENCHMARK SPECIFICATIONS	9
2.2 DESCRIPTION OF GEOMETRY 11 2.3 BENCHMARK FUEL VARIANTS 12 2.4 SPECIFICATION OF STATES 13 2.5 PARAMETERS CALCULATED IN THE BENCHMARK 13 3 MODELING METHODOLOGY 14 3.1 THE SCALE-4.3/SAS2H CODE – USED IN THIS STUDY 14 3.2 DESCRIPTION OF MODELING CODES USED IN OTHER STUDIES 16 3.2.1 HELIOS 16 3.2.2 MCU-RFFI/A 17 3.2.3 TVS-M 18 3.2.4 WIMS-ABBN 19 4 RESULTS AND DISCUSSION 21 4.1 BENCHMARK RESULTS FOR CASES WITHOUT FUEL DEPLETION 21 4.2 BENCHMARK RESULTS FOR CASES WITH FUEL DEPLETION 27 5 SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS 32 REFERENCES 33 APPENDIX A. SAMPLE SAS2H INPUT DATA FILE – CASE V1, S1 (LEU UO2) 34 APPENDIX B. SAMPLE SAS2H INPUT DATA FILE – CASE V2, S1 (WG MOX) 36 APPENDIX C. SAMPLE SAS2H INPUT DATA FILE – CASE V10, S1 (RG MOX) 38 INTERNAL DISTRIBUTION 40		
2.3 BENCHMARK FUEL VARIANTS 12 2.4 SPECIFICATION OF STATES 13 2.5 PARAMETERS CALCULATED IN THE BENCHMARK 13 3 MODELING METHODOLOGY 14 3.1 THE SCALE-4.3/SAS2H CODE - USED IN THIS STUDY 14 3.2 DESCRIPTION OF MODELING CODES USED IN OTHER STUDIES 16 3.2.1 HELIOS 16 3.2.2 MCU-RFFI/A 17 3.2.3 TVS-M 18 3.2.4 WIMS-ABBN 19 4 RESULTS AND DISCUSSION 21 4.1 BENCHMARK RESULTS FOR CASES WITHOUT FUEL DEPLETION 21 4.2 BENCHMARK RESULTS FOR CASES WITH FUEL DEPLETION 27 5 SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS 32 REFERENCES 33 APPENDIX A. SAMPLE SAS2H INPUT DATA FILE - CASE V1, S1 (LEU UO2) 34 APPENDIX B. SAMPLE SAS2H INPUT DATA FILE - CASE V2, S1 (WG MOX) 36 APPENDIX C. SAMPLE SAS2H INPUT DATA FILE - CASE V10, S1 (RG MOX) 38 INTERNAL DISTRIBUTION 40		
2.4 SPECIFICATION OF STATES 13 2.5 PARAMETERS CALCULATED IN THE BENCHMARK 13 3 MODELING METHODOLOGY 14 3.1 THE SCALE-4.3/SAS2H CODE – USED IN THIS STUDY 14 3.2 DESCRIPTION OF MODELING CODES USED IN OTHER STUDIES 16 3.2.1 HELIOS 16 3.2.2 MCU-RFFI/A 17 3.2.3 TVS-M 18 3.2.4 WIMS-ABBN 19 4 RESULTS AND DISCUSSION 21 4.1 BENCHMARK RESULTS FOR CASES WITHOUT FUEL DEPLETION 21 4.2 BENCHMARK RESULTS FOR CASES WITH FUEL DEPLETION 27 5 SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS 32 REFERENCES 33 APPENDIX A. SAMPLE SAS2H INPUT DATA FILE – CASE V1, S1 (LEU UO2) 34 APPENDIX B. SAMPLE SAS2H INPUT DATA FILE – CASE V2, S1 (WG MOX) 36 APPENDIX C. SAMPLE SAS2H INPUT DATA FILE – CASE V10, S1 (RG MOX) 38 INTERNAL DISTRIBUTION 40		
2.5 PARAMETERS CALCULATED IN THE BENCHMARK 13 3 MODELING METHODOLOGY 14 3.1 THE SCALE-4.3/SAS2H CODE – USED IN THIS STUDY 14 3.2 DESCRIPTION OF MODELING CODES USED IN OTHER STUDIES 16 3.2.1 HELIOS 16 3.2.2 MCU-RFFI/A 16 3.2.3 TVS-M 18 3.2.4 WIMS-ABBN 19 4 RESULTS AND DISCUSSION 21 4.1 BENCHMARK RESULTS FOR CASES WITHOUT FUEL DEPLETION 21 4.2 BENCHMARK RESULTS FOR CASES WITH FUEL DEPLETION 27 5 SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS 32 REFERENCES 33 APPENDIX A. SAMPLE SAS2H INPUT DATA FILE – CASE V1, S1 (LEU UO2) 34 APPENDIX B. SAMPLE SAS2H INPUT DATA FILE – CASE V2, S1 (WG MOX) 36 APPENDIX C. SAMPLE SAS2H INPUT DATA FILE – CASE V10, S1 (RG MOX) 38 INTERNAL DISTRIBUTION 40		
3.1 THE SCALE-4.3/SAS2H CODE – USED IN THIS STUDY		
3.2 DESCRIPTION OF MODELING CODES USED IN OTHER STUDIES 16 3.2.1 HELIOS 16 3.2.2 MCU-RFFI/A 17 3.2.3 TVS-M 18 3.2.4 WIMS-ABBN 19 4 RESULTS AND DISCUSSION 21 4.1 BENCHMARK RESULTS FOR CASES WITHOUT FUEL DEPLETION 21 4.2 BENCHMARK RESULTS FOR CASES WITH FUEL DEPLETION 27 5 SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS 32 REFERENCES 33 APPENDIX A. SAMPLE SAS2H INPUT DATA FILE – CASE V1, S1 (LEU UO2) 34 APPENDIX C. SAMPLE SAS2H INPUT DATA FILE – CASE V2, S1 (WG MOX) 36 APPENDIX C. SAMPLE SAS2H INPUT DATA FILE – CASE V10, S1 (RG MOX) 38 INTERNAL DISTRIBUTION 40	3 MODELING METHODOLOGY	14
3.2 DESCRIPTION OF MODELING CODES USED IN OTHER STUDIES 16 3.2.1 HELIOS 16 3.2.2 MCU-RFFI/A 17 3.2.3 TVS-M 18 3.2.4 WIMS-ABBN 19 4 RESULTS AND DISCUSSION 21 4.1 BENCHMARK RESULTS FOR CASES WITHOUT FUEL DEPLETION 21 4.2 BENCHMARK RESULTS FOR CASES WITH FUEL DEPLETION 27 5 SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS 32 REFERENCES 33 APPENDIX A. SAMPLE SAS2H INPUT DATA FILE – CASE V1, S1 (LEU UO2) 34 APPENDIX C. SAMPLE SAS2H INPUT DATA FILE – CASE V2, S1 (WG MOX) 36 APPENDIX C. SAMPLE SAS2H INPUT DATA FILE – CASE V10, S1 (RG MOX) 38 INTERNAL DISTRIBUTION 40	3.1 THE SCALE-4.3/SAS2H CODE - LISED IN THIS STUDY	14
3.2.1 HELIOS 16 3.2.2 MCU-RFFI/A 17 3.2.3 TVS-M 18 3.2.4 WIMS-ABBN 19 4 RESULTS AND DISCUSSION 21 4.1 BENCHMARK RESULTS FOR CASES WITHOUT FUEL DEPLETION 21 4.2 BENCHMARK RESULTS FOR CASES WITH FUEL DEPLETION 27 5 SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS 32 REFERENCES 33 APPENDIX A. SAMPLE SAS2H INPUT DATA FILE – CASE V1, S1 (LEU UO2) 34 APPENDIX B. SAMPLE SAS2H INPUT DATA FILE – CASE V2, S1 (WG MOX) 36 APPENDIX C. SAMPLE SAS2H INPUT DATA FILE – CASE V10, S1 (RG MOX) 38 INTERNAL DISTRIBUTION 40	3.2 DESCRIPTION OF MODELING CODES USED IN OTHER STUDIES	16
3.2.2 MCU-RFFI/A 17 3.2.3 TVS-M 18 3.2.4 WIMS-ABBN 19 4 RESULTS AND DISCUSSION 21 4.1 BENCHMARK RESULTS FOR CASES WITHOUT FUEL DEPLETION 21 4.2 BENCHMARK RESULTS FOR CASES WITH FUEL DEPLETION 27 5 SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS 32 REFERENCES 33 APPENDIX A. SAMPLE SAS2H INPUT DATA FILE – CASE V1, S1 (LEU UO2) 34 APPENDIX B. SAMPLE SAS2H INPUT DATA FILE – CASE V2, S1 (WG MOX) 36 APPENDIX C. SAMPLE SAS2H INPUT DATA FILE – CASE V10, S1 (RG MOX) 38 INTERNAL DISTRIBUTION 40		
3.2.3 TVS-M 18 3.2.4 WIMS-ABBN 19 4 RESULTS AND DISCUSSION 21 4.1 BENCHMARK RESULTS FOR CASES WITHOUT FUEL DEPLETION 27 5 SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS 32 REFERENCES 33 APPENDIX A. SAMPLE SAS2H INPUT DATA FILE – CASE V1, S1 (LEU UO2) 34 APPENDIX B. SAMPLE SAS2H INPUT DATA FILE – CASE V2, S1 (WG MOX) 36 APPENDIX C. SAMPLE SAS2H INPUT DATA FILE – CASE V10, S1 (RG MOX) 38 INTERNAL DISTRIBUTION 40		
3.2.4 WIMS-ABBN		
4.1 BENCHMARK RESULTS FOR CASES WITHOUT FUEL DEPLETION		
4.2 BENCHMARK RESULTS FOR CASES WITH FUEL DEPLETION	4 RESULTS AND DISCUSSION	21
4.2 BENCHMARK RESULTS FOR CASES WITH FUEL DEPLETION	4.1 BENCHMARK RESULTS FOR CASES WITHOUT FUEL DEPLETION	21
5 SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS		
APPENDIX A. SAMPLE SAS2H INPUT DATA FILE – CASE V1, S1 (LEU UO ₂)		
APPENDIX A. SAMPLE SAS2H INPUT DATA FILE – CASE V1, S1 (LEU UO ₂)	REFERENCES	33
APPENDIX B. SAMPLE SAS2H INPUT DATA FILE – CASE V2, S1 (WG MOX)		
APPENDIX C. SAMPLE SAS2H INPUT DATA FILE – CASE V10, S1 (RG MOX)	APPENDIX A. SAMPLE SAS2H INPUT DATA FILE – CASE V1, S1 (LEU UO ₂)	34
INTERNAL DISTRIBUTION	APPENDIX B. SAMPLE SAS2H INPUT DATA FILE - CASE V2, S1 (WG MOX)	36
	APPENDIX C. SAMPLE SAS2H INPUT DATA FILE - CASE V10, S1 (RG MOX)	38
EVTEDNAI DISTRIDITIONI	INTERNAL DISTRIBUTION	40
	EVTEDNAL DISTRIBUTION	40

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LIST OF FIGURES

Figure 2.1. VVER-1000 neutronics benchmark pin-cell model.	. 11
Figure 4.1. k _o for V1, V2, and V10 at fresh (BOL) and 60MWd/kgHE (EOL) burnup	
Figure 4.2. Code Comparison of ko vs burnup for Fuel Variant V2 (WG MOX)	
Figure 4.3. Code Comparison of k _o vs burnup for Fuel Variant V10 (RG MOX)	

LIST OF TABLES

Table 2.1. Specifications for fresh fuel and other materials	9
Table 2.2. Specifications for spent fuel materials.	10
Table 2.3. Summary of the benchmark variant fuel materials.	12
Table 2.4. Definition of the states used in the pin-cell benchmark scenarios.	13
Table 4.1. SCALE-4.3/SAS2H zero-burnup benchmark results: V1-V10, states S1-S6	23
Table 4.2. Benchmark case k-values by variant, state, and computer code	24
Table 4.3. Reactivity differences between SAS2H and HELIOS k-values results	
Table 4.4. Reactivity effects by fuel variant, state changes, and computer code	
Table 4.5. Comparison of keff and ko calculations in state S1 fuel depletion simulations	
Table 4.6. ¹³⁵ Xe concentration (a/b-cm) in fuel during depletion simulation for V2	
Table 4.7. ¹⁴⁹ Sm concentration (a/b-cm) in fuel during depletion simulation for V2	
Table 4.8. ²³⁹ Pu concentration (a/b-cm) in fuel during depletion simulation for V2	
Table 4.9. ²³⁵ U concentration (a/b-cm) in fuel during depletion simulation for V2	

ABSTRACT

A series of unit pin-cell benchmark problems have been analyzed related to irradiation of mixed oxide fuel in VVER-1000s ("water-water energetic reactors"). Onedimensional, discrete-ordinates eigenvalue calculations of these benchmarks were performed at ORNL using the SAS2H control sequence module of the SCALE-4.3 computational code system, as part of the Fissile Materials Disposition Program (FMDP) of the US DOE. Calculations were also performed using the SCALE module CSAS to confirm the results. The 238 neutron energy group SCALE nuclear data library 238GROUPNDF5 (based on ENDF/B-V) was used for all calculations. The VVER-1000 pin-cell benchmark cases modeled with SAS2H included zero-burnup calculations for eight fuel material variants (from LEU UO2 to weapons-grade MOX) at five different reactor states, and three fuel depletion cases up to high burnup. Results of the SAS2H analyses of the VVER-1000 neutronics benchmarks are presented in this report. Good general agreement was obtained between the SAS2H results, the ORNL results using HELIOS-1.4 with ENDF/B-VI nuclear data, and the results from several Russian benchmark studies using the codes TVS-M, MCU-RFFI/A, and WIMS-ABBN. This SAS2H benchmark study is useful for the verification of HELIOS calculations, the HELIOS code being the principal computational tool at ORNL for physics studies of assembly design for weapons-grade plutonium disposition in Russian reactors.

1 INTRODUCTION

Part of the effort to eliminate surplus weapons-grade plutonium is to assess the options for burning the fuel material in commercial power reactors. In the Russian Federation, a prime candidate for plutonium disposition is the VVER-1000 class of reactors. Benchmarking is necessary to confirm that our calculational methods and nuclear data libraries can accurately model VVER-1000 reactors with MOX fuel on high-grade plutonium (i.e., > 90 wt% ²³⁹Pu).

Recently, a number of computational and experimental benchmarks were analyzed in Russia¹. The computational benchmarks were designed to allow detailed comparisons of calculational methods and nuclear data used in the computer code systems. The various VVER-1000 benchmark cases represent many variations in fuel materials and reactor conditions.

This report documents the calculational results for benchmark cases using the SAS2H sequence module of the SCALE² code system. SAS2H was used for all the pincell benchmark case analyses because it could be used for both zero-burnup and fuel depletion cases. The final SCALE/SAS2H results are compared to the ORNL results³ with the HELIOS^{4,5} code and the results of the Russian codes MCU-RFFI/A¹, TVS-M^{1,6}, and WIMS-ABBN¹. The comparison of the SAS2H results to the results of the other codes is not an exhaustive comparison and is done for illustrative purposes. Only the Russian results from Reference 1 were used in any comparison. There have been subsequent new Russian benchmark results but new inter-code results comparisons will be made elsewhere.

This study also serves to confirm and verify the HELIOS calculations; this is important since HELIOS is the main computational code used in our physics assessments of assembly designs for Pu disposition in Russian VVER-1000 reactors.

The benchmark cases analyzed in this work with SAS2H represent a major subset of the entire VVER-1000 neutronics benchmark case specifications. A total of 83 SAS2H pin-cell cases were simulated during this work. Eight fuel variants were modeled in these cases ranging from LEU UO₂ to weapons and reactor-grade MOX fuel, with a variety of fuel isotopic inventories. The various pin-cells were analyzed for different states of reactor conditions such as fuel temperature and moderator temperature and density. These states are representative of normal operational conditions for VVER-1000 reactors and certain off-operation conditions. Three of the pin-cell benchmark cases analyzed simulated fuel depletion up to a burnup of 60 MWd/kgHE (Mega Watt days per kg of Heavy Elements).

The benchmark case specifications used for the SAS2H calculations are presented in Section 2. The modeling methodology employed with the SCALE/SAS2H sequence and an introduction and description of the other codes used in the VVER-1000 benchmark in the US and in Russia are discussed in Section 3. The calculational results and observations from this work are presented and discussed in Section 4 for both zero-burnup benchmark cases and several fuel depletion benchmark simulations. The findings of the benchmark study are summarized in Section 5.

2 BENCHMARK SPECIFICATIONS

The VVER-1000 benchmark case specifications are presented in Reference 1. The cases simulated with SAS2H are pin-cell calculations for a variety of fuel materials ranging from LEU UO₂ to MOX fuel with reactor-grade plutonium and with weaponsgrade plutonium. The various fuel compositions are referred to as fuel variants; for this work, eight fuel variants V1-V4 and V7-V10 were modeled. The benchmark case simulations were performed for five specific sets of reactor conditions (States S1 to S6) which represent normal and off-normal situations including specified values for fuel temperatures, moderator temperature and density, fission product poison concentrations, moderator boron level. Three representative SCALE-4.3 SAS2H input data files for the fuel depletion pin-cell benchmarks are attached to this report as Appendices A to C.

Table 2.1. Specifications for fresh fuel and other materials.

Material	Comment	Nuclide	Content (a/b-cm)	Nuclide	Content (a/b-cm)
FU1	Fresh uranium fuel	²³⁵ U	8.7370×10 ⁻⁴	¹⁶ O	3.9235×10 ⁻²
	\$ A	²³⁸ U	1.8744×10 ⁻²		
FU2	Fresh MOX fuel (WG Pu)	²³⁵ U	3.8393×10 ⁻⁵	²³⁹ Pu	6.5875×10 ⁻⁴
		$^{238}{ m U}$	1.8917×10 ⁻²	²⁴⁰ Pu	4.2323×10 ⁻⁵
		¹⁶ O	4.1707×10 ⁻²	²⁴¹ Pu	7.0246×10 ⁻⁶
FU7	MOX fuel with ²³⁹ Pu only	²³⁵ U	3.8393×10 ⁻⁵	²³⁹ Pu	6.5875×10 ⁻⁴
	·	²³⁸ U	1.8917×10 ⁻²	¹⁶ O	4.1707×10 ⁻⁴
FU8	MOX fuel with ²⁴⁰ Pu only	²³⁵ U	6.9714×10 ⁻⁴	²⁴⁰ Pu	4.2323×10 ⁻⁵
•	·	²³⁸ U	1.8917×10 ⁻²	¹⁶ O	4.1707×10 ⁻²
FU9	MOX fuel with ²⁴¹ Pu only	²³⁵ U	3.8393×10 ⁻⁵	²⁴¹ Pu	6.6577×10 ⁻⁴
		²³⁸ U	1.8917×10 ⁻²	¹⁶ O	4.1707×10 ⁻²
FU10	Fresh MOX fuel (RG Pu)	²³⁵ U	5.0000×10 ⁻⁵	²⁴⁰ Pu	4.9000×10 ⁻⁴
٠		²³⁸ U	2.2100×10 ⁻²	²⁴¹ Pu	1.9000×10 ⁻⁴
		¹⁶ O	4.6300×10 ⁻²	²⁴² Pu	1.0500×10 ⁻⁴
		²³⁸ Pu	3.0000×10 ⁻⁵	²⁴¹ Am	2.5000×10 ⁻⁵
•		²³⁹ Pu	1.1600×10 ⁻³		
CL1	Cladding	Zr	4.2300×10 ⁻²		
MOD1	Hot moderator with boron acid	Н	4.783×10 ⁻²	¹⁰ B	4.7344×10 ⁻⁶
		¹⁶ O	2.391×10 ⁻²	11 B	1.9177×10 ⁻⁵
MOD2	Hot moderator without boron acid	Н	4.783×10 ⁻²	¹⁶ O	2.391×10 ⁻²
MOD3	Cold moderator with boron acid	Н	6.694×10 ⁻²	¹⁰ B	6.6262×10 ⁻⁶
		16O	3.347×10 ⁻²	11B	2.6839×10 ⁻⁵

2.1 MATERIALS SPECIFICATION

Material specifications from Reference 1 for the various fuel compositions with fresh fuel (FU1, FU2, FU7-FU10) are given in Table 2.1 and the spent fuel material specifications (FU3, FU4) are given in Table 2.2. Table 2.1 also presents the material compositions of the zirconium cladding and three different states of the light-water moderator.

Table 2.2. Specifications for spent fuel materials.

Material	Comment	Nuclide	Content (a/b-cm)	Nuclide	Content (a/b-cm)
FU3	Spent uranium fuel without FPs	²³⁵ U	3.78430×10 ⁻⁴	²⁴² Pu	4.75760×10 ⁻⁶
		²³⁶ U	8.63650×10 ⁻⁵	²⁴¹ Am	4.94910×10 ⁻⁷
		²³⁸ U	1.83270×10 ⁻²	^{242m} Am	7.91940×10 ⁻⁹
	·	²³⁷ Np	2.48230×10 ⁻⁵	²⁴³ Am	6.69250×10 ⁻⁷
		²³⁸ Pu	6.72540×10 ⁻⁶	²⁴² Cm	1.25820×10 ⁻⁷
		²³⁹ Np	1.83320×10 ⁻⁶	²⁴³ Cm	2.06290×10 ⁻⁹
		²³⁹ Pu	1.31110×10 ⁻⁴	²⁴⁴ Cm	1.23870×10 ⁻⁷
		²⁴⁰ Pu	3.62330×10 ⁻⁵	¹⁶ O	3.9235×10 ⁻²
		²⁴¹ Pu	2.17010×10 ⁻⁵		
FU4	Spent uranium fuel with FPs	²³⁵ U	3.78430×10 ⁻⁴	²⁴² Pu	4.75760×10 ⁻⁶
		²³⁶ U	8.63650×10 ⁻⁵	²⁴¹ Am	4.94910×10 ⁻⁷
		²³⁸ U	1.83270×10 ⁻²	^{242m} Am	7.91940×10 ⁻⁹
		²³⁷ Np	2.48230×10 ⁻⁵	²⁴³ Am	6.69250×10 ⁻⁷
		²³⁸ Pu	6.72540×10 ⁻⁶	²⁴² Cm	1.25820×10 ⁻⁷
	·	²³⁹ Np	1.83320×10 ⁻⁶	²⁴³ Cm	2.06290×10 ⁻⁹
		²³⁹ Pu	1.31110×10 ⁻⁴	²⁴⁴ Cm	1.23870×10 ⁻⁷
		²⁴⁰ Pu	3.62330×10 ⁻⁵	¹⁶ O	3.9235×10 ⁻²
		²⁴¹ Pu	2.17010×10 ⁻⁵		
		¹⁰³ Rh	1.8890×10 ⁻⁵	¹⁴⁵ Nd	1.9975×10 ⁻⁵
		¹³¹ Xe	1.4255×10 ⁻⁵	¹⁵³ Eu	2.4801×10 ⁻⁶
		143Nd	2.6692×10 ⁻⁵	¹⁰⁹ Ag	2.2037×10 ⁻⁶
		¹⁴⁷ Pm	6.1574×10 ⁻⁶	¹⁵⁵ Eu	9.6857×10 ⁻⁸
		¹³³ Cs	3.5974×10 ⁻⁵	⁹⁵ Mo	3.3720×10 ⁻⁵
		⁹⁹ Tc	3.3320×10 ⁻⁵	154Eu	5.1189×10 ⁻⁷
		¹⁵² Sm	2.6842×10 ⁻⁶	¹⁰¹ Ru	3.1134×10 ⁻⁵
		¹⁵¹ Sm	3.0757×10 ⁻⁷	-	

Three of the fuel materials (FU7, FU8, FU9) are special mixtures of fresh MOX fuel with only one individual plutonium isotope (²³⁹Pu, ²⁴⁰Pu, and ²⁴¹Pu, respectively). These unusual isotopic compositions are included in the benchmark cases to allow for the assessment of the effects of each individual major plutonium isotope. The cladding

material (CL1) for all the benchmark cases is natural zirconium. The moderator materials used in the benchmark cases (MOD1, MOD2, MOD3) represent different densities and boron concentrations, from dissolved boron acid, in light water. MOD1 and MOD2 are hot light water with and without boron in the moderator, respectively. MOD3 is cold light water with dissolved boron.

2.2 DESCRIPTION OF GEOMETRY

In the actual VVER-1000 reactor fuel assemblies, the fuel pins have a central hole, and the fuel is arranged on a hexagonal (triangular) pitch in hexagonal fuel assemblies. For the purposes of the VVER-1000 pin-cell benchmark studies, the specifications from Reference 1 call for pin-cell models with an hexagonal pitch of 1.275 cm. The diameter of the cylindrical fuel region is given as 0.772 cm. For simplicity of modeling, the

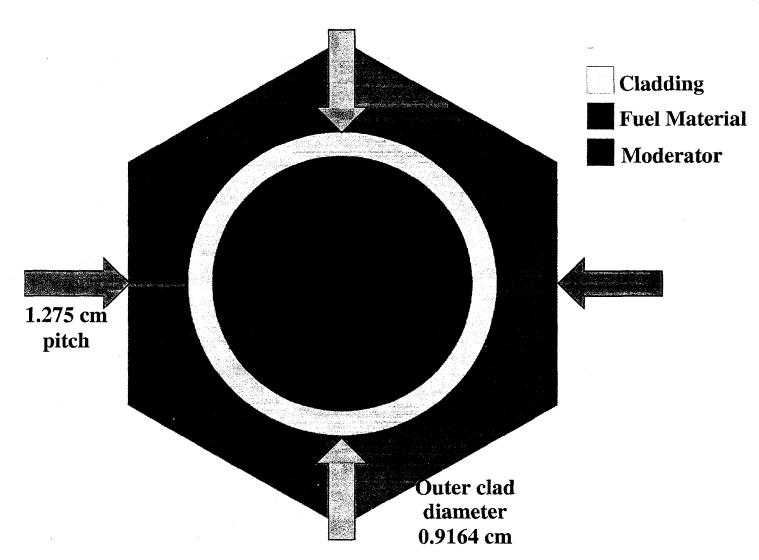


Figure 2.1. VVER-1000 neutronics benchmark pin-cell model.

central hole in the fuel pellet is not included in the benchmark. The cladding outer diameter is given as $0.9164\,\mathrm{cm}$, for a cladding thickness of $0.0772\,\mathrm{cm}$. All the calculations were performed using a buckling value B^2 =0.003 cm⁻² to represent the neutron leakage for the fuel types in the critical reactor.

2.3 BENCHMARK FUEL VARIANTS

The benchmark variant numbers V1-V10 discussed in this report are in coincidence with the fuel material numbers FU1-FU10. However, the benchmark variants V1-V4 and V7-V10 analyzed for this pin-cell study are actually combinations of the fuel materials, reactor conditions, and state specifications. The pin-cell variant benchmark cases were performed for the same pin-cell geometry.

The spatial power density (thermal power per volume) for the core region for all the cases is specified in Reference 1 as 108 MW_t/m³. For the fuel variant materials, the specific power levels (thermal power per mass of heavy elements) for each fuel composition differ in order to meet the constraint of constant power density of 108 MW_t/m³. Table 2.3 indicates the values of the specific power level used in each SAS2H benchmark variant simulation.

Table 2.3. Summary of the benchmark variant fuel materials.

Benchmark variant	Fuel material name	General description of fuel composition	"length" of fuel pin to contain 1 kg of heavy elements (cm)	Specific Power Density (kW/kgHE)
V1	FU1	LEU UO ₂	275.643	41.9107
V2	FU2	Weapons-Grade MOX	274.826	41.7837
V3	FU3	Spent LEU without Fission Products	284.204	43.2124
V4	FU4	Spent LEU with Fission Products	284.204	43.2124
V 7	FU7	MOX with only ²³⁹ Pu	275.505	41.8898
V8	FU8	MOX with only ²⁴⁰ Pu	275.063	41.8225
V9	FU9	MOX with only ²⁴¹ Pu	275.330	41.8628
V10	FU10	Reactor-Grade MOX	223.667	34.0078

The appropriate power density values were used in the SAS2H case inputs (see Appendices A to C) on the basis of MW per "volume of interest"; for these cases, the "volume of interest" was the length of a fuel pin (also tabulated in Table 2.3) that would contain exactly 1 kg of heavy elements (U, Pu, etc.). However, the power density and fuel volume for 1 kg of heavy elements are necessary only for normalization for the three benchmark fuel depletion cases (V1, V2, and V10; in State S1).

2.4 SPECIFICATION OF STATES

The SCALE/SAS2H benchmark calculations were performed for a variety of state conditions for each of the various fuel variant material compositions. The state conditions are tabulated in Table 2.4 and these represent a number of fuel and non-fuel temperatures, different moderator conditions and materials, and different ¹³⁵Xe and ¹⁴⁹Sm concentrations. These state specifications are typical of the conditions and materials in VVER-1000 reactors during operation (S1-S4), and also off-operation conditions (S5) and during shutdown situations or zero-power operation (S6).

Table 2.4. Definition of the states used in the pin-cell benchmark scenarios.

				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
State	Temperature of the fuel material (K)	Temperature of the non-fuel components (K)	Moderator	Initial specification of ¹³⁵ Xe and ¹⁴⁹ Sm concentration
S1	1027	579	(Hot) light water, dissolved B, 579K	Given values [1] (a/b-cm) for "Equilibrium concentrations": 135 Xe: 9.4581×10 ⁻⁹ 149 Sm: 7.3667×10 ⁻⁸
S 3	1027	579	(Hot) light water, no dissolved B, 579K	Given values [1] (a/b-cm) for "Equilibrium concentrations": 135Xe: 9.4581×10 ⁻⁹ 149Sm: 7.3667×10 ⁻⁸
S4	1027	579	(Hot) light water, dissolved B, 579K	None
\$5	579	579	(Hot) light water, dissolved B, 579K	None
S6	300	300	(Cold) light water, dissolved B, 300K	None

2.5 PARAMETERS CALCULATED IN THE BENCHMARK

The parameters of importance that were calculated and used during the SCALE-4.3/SAS2H benchmark study include k_{eff} , k_o , k_{inf} , isotopic concentrations of actinide and fission product nuclides, and the depletion behavior (0 to 60 MWd/kgHE in burnup steps of 2 MWd/kgHE) for selected cases. The definition of the k_o factor is the infinite multiplication factor of the system, the ratio of total neutron production to the total neutron absorption, in the critical spectrum.

3 MODELING METHODOLOGY

In this section, some of the main details and description are presented about the SCALE/SAS2H code sequence used to simulate the VVER-1000 neutronics pin-cell benchmark cases. A brief introduction and summary is then presented about other computer codes used to analyze the benchmark cases. Later in this report, some of these other benchmark results are compared to the SAS2H pin-cell benchmark results. A schematic of the actual hexagonal pin-cell geometry modeled for the VVER-1000 neutronics benchmark is portrayed in Figure 3.1.

3.1 THE SCALE-4.3/SAS2H CODE – USED IN THIS STUDY

The benchmark cases were simulated based on discrete ordinates theory using the SAS2H sequence of the SCALE 4.3 code package. In order to obtain the various k-values for the zero-burnup (non-depletion) cases, two cases were actually calculated: one with the buckling height entered in the input, and the other with no buckling. The latter yields the appropriate $k_{\rm inf}$. The case with the buckling height entered yields the value for $k_{\rm eff}$ and for $k_{\rm o}$. A total of 80 non-depletion benchmark cases were run with SAS2H and three fuel depletion cases were also run with the module.

The Shielding Analysis Sequence No. 2 (SAS2) control module was originally developed for the SCALE code system to provide a sequence that generated radiation source terms for spent fuel and subsequently utilized these sources within a one-dimensional (1-D) shielding analysis of a shipping cask. The principal use of SAS2 over its history has been fuel depletion analysis to obtain radiation sources, decay heat, and spent fuel isotopics. The original SAS2 sequence was considerably enhanced as SAS2H for SCALE-4.

Six different codes plus several routines in the SCALE subroutine library are utilized by the SAS2H control module. The basic functions of the six functional modules are described below. The full details and description of the code system are presented in the SCALE manual (Reference 2). BONAMI applies the Bondarenko method of resonance self-shielding for nuclides that have Bondarenko data included with their cross sections. BONAMI and the Bondarenko methods and applicability are discussed in Reference 2. NITAWL-II performs the Nordheim resonance self-shielding corrections for nuclides that have resonance parameters included with their cross sections. NITAWL-II and the Nordheim Integral Treatment (NIT) are also discussed in Reference 2. XSDRNPM performs a 1-D discrete-ordinates transport calculation based on various specified geometries requested in the data supplied by SAS2H. The code, as applied by SAS2H, has three particular functions: to produce cell-weighted cross sections for fuel depletion calculations; to determine cell-weighted cross sections for spent fuel assemblies in a specified shipping cask; and to compute the angular flux data for the specified shipping cask, which are then applied by XSDOSE in computing dose rates.

The neutron transport analysis for each time-dependent fuel composition is basically a two-part procedure in which two separate lattice-cell calculations are performed, determining the neutron spectrum and, subsequently, the nuclide cross sections. At specified times during the burnup, the cross sections are updated using resonance processing codes and 1-D transport analyses. These updated cross sections are used in

the depletion computation that produces the time-dependent fuel composition to be used for the next cross-section update. This sequence is repeated for the entire simulated operating history of the reactor.

For each time-dependent fuel composition, SAS2H performs 1-D neutron transport analyses (via XSDRNPM) using a two-part procedure with two separate lattice-cell models. The first model is a unit fuel-pin cell from which cell-weighted cross sections are obtained. The second model represents a larger unit cell (e.g., an assembly) within an infinite lattice. The fuel neutron flux spectrum obtained from the second (large) unit-cell model is used to determine the appropriate nuclide cross sections for the specified burnup-dependent fuel composition. The cross sections derived from a transport analysis at each time step are used in a point-depletion computation (via ORIGEN-S) that produces the burnup-dependent fuel composition to be used in the next spectrum calculation. In the study reported in this document, SAS2H was only applied to the pincell model for the VVER-1000 benchmark cases, concentrating on k-value determinations for most of the cases and also modeling fuel depletion isotopics for several burnup simulation cases.

The SAS2H sequence uses the ORIGEN-S code to model fuel depletion. The 1-D XSDRNPM code is used with SAS2H to model the neutronics and physics of the cases. XSDRNPM and the automatic quadrature generator, the unit-cell mesh generator, and convergence criteria applied by the code are discussed in Reference 2. ORIGEN-S performs both nuclide generation and depletion calculations for the specified reactor fuel history. The code computes the neutron and gamma sources generated by the fuel. COUPLE updates the cross-section constants included on an ORIGEN-S nuclear data library with data from the cell-weighted cross-section library produced by XSDRNPM. The weighting spectrum computed by XSDRNPM is applied to update all nuclides in the ORIGEN-S library that were not specified in the XSDRNPM analysis.

The 1-D basis of XSDRNPM requires the use of the Wigner-Seitz equivalent cell in the representation of the actual hexagonal pin-cell geometry that is shown in Figure 3.1. The Wigner-Seitz pin-cell model represents the moderator as an annular region that conserves the appropriate ratio of moderator to fuel region. The moderation in the actual hexagonal pin-cell is greater than in the cylindrical Wigner-Seitz representation. Uranium is relatively insensitive to the small spectral effects so the Wigner-Seitz cylindrical approximation should not have a great effect. In MOX fuel cases, the plutonium in the fuel is more sensitive to spectral changes because of the ~0.3 eV resonances in ²³⁹Pu and ²⁴¹Pu, and the 1.1 eV resonance in ²⁴⁰Pu.

Depletion calculations were only performed for benchmark fuel variants V1, V2, and V10 for state S1. The input files (see the Appendices) were designed such that output is provided at burnup steps of 2 MWd/kgHE for each case. The depletion cases were normalized to exactly 1 kg of heavy elements (initially) and the proper specific power density (from Table 2.3) was used.

In performing the depletion calculations with SCALE-4.3/SAS2H, it was discovered that in order to model the burnup history correctly, one has to include in the initial fuel compositions, in the input file, trace amounts of any potentially important nuclides. These long lists of nuclides can be seen in the fuel depletion cases in Appendices A to C. Originally, the author of this document tried to complete these depletion cases allowing

SAS2H to use its internal default set of nuclides to model the burnup history: this was not sufficient, and led to large discrepancies between the earlier SAS2H depletion results and the results of the other codes.

The 238GROUPNDF5 nuclear data library was used for all the reported SAS2H benchmark simulation cases. The nuclide ²³⁹Np had to be left out of the specified fuel composition for fuel material FU3 and FU4 because it was not directly available with the 238GROUPNDF5 nuclear data library. This did not, however, have any significant impact on the calculational results.

For the SAS2H pin-cell benchmark cases that modeled boron in the moderator, it was discovered that one had to run a short burnup step to override the code's attempt to set the initial boron level to 1.45 times the input value for the initial calculations. The input case files in the Appendices have an initial 10⁻⁵ day burnup step to reset the boron levels to their appropriate concentrations.

3.2 DESCRIPTION OF MODELING CODES USED IN OTHER STUDIES

This subsection presents a description and some of the modeling details of the other codes used in various solutions of the VVER-1000 neutronics benchmarks.

3.2.1 HELIOS

HELIOS^{5,6} is a two-dimensional neutron and gamma transport code lattice/fuel assembly analysis code developed by Studsvik Scandpower Inc. The neutron and gamma transport calculations in the code are based on current coupling of space elements. The situation within the spatial elements is modeled by collision probabilities. This is the CCCP (current-coupling collision-probability) method. The resonance treatment is based on the subgroup method. More specific details of the HELIOS code system are discussed in References 4 and 5.

The HELIOS code system comprises the AURORA input processor, the HELIOS calculational module, and the ZENITH output processor. The communication between the three codes is through a data base that is accessed and maintained by a subroutine package HERMES. Associated with the HELIOS code system is the ORION geometry viewer.

During HELIOS calculations, neutron fluxes and currents, and nuclide number densities are determined. Resonance-shielded microscopic cross sections are calculated. The fluxes and currents are calculated by the CCCP method for particle transport. First-flight probabilities are evaluated. The criticality spectrum is evaluated by the B_1 method to rebalance the spectrum that was calculated in the CCCP stage. Burnup chains are then solved to obtain updated nuclide number densities.

The HELIOS nuclear data libraries are based on ENDF/B-VI release 2, with ²³⁵U data from release 3. The ²³⁸U resonance integral in the production libraries was reduced by 3.4% to improve agreement with critical experiments. The HELIOS libraries contain data for 271 nuclides, including 32 actinides and 115 fission product nuclides. The HELIOS-1.4 nuclear data libraries are available in 34, 89, and 190 neutron energy

groups. The HELIOS-1.4 benchmark results³ were all determined using the 190-group nuclear data library.

3.2.2 MCU-RFFI/A

MCU-RFFI/A is a general-purpose continuous-energy Monte Carlo code for solving the neutron transport problems in the energy range from 10⁻⁵ eV up to 20 MeV. A description of the code is presented in Reference 1. The code is a part of the MCU project. This project includes development of the nuclear data libraries and the codes for processing library data, designing and updating the Monte Carlo code package, and supporting and updating the CLAD library, containing MCU input lists and the results of MCU calculations for a variety of problems (~300 assemblies). The MCU-RFFI/A executable is assembled from modules in the MCU code package. The modular code architecture permits the solution of transport problems using a set of various algorithms and exchangeable program modules while also using different data libraries. The code is used with pointwise and step-function representations of cross sections. To describe the unresolved resonance cross sections a subgroup method is used, similar to the probability table method. A detailed cross section representation is used in the resolved resonance region: for the important nuclides, a near-infinite number of energy points is used to describe the resonance curve. The cross sections are calculated at every energy point on the basis of the resonance parameter library, and temperature effects can be estimated. For the thermal energy range, the Monte Carlo algorithm uses the $S(\alpha,\beta)$ scattering laws and coherent elastic scattering or free gas models. In the solutions, both the prompt neutron and the delay neutron spectra can be distinctly included.

The accuracy of the nuclear data has a major influence on the results of a Monte Carlo code. MCU-RFFI/A code verification and validation was based on the DLC/MCUDAT-1.0 composite library, which includes the ACE library prepared by NJOY from ENDF/B-VI data, the ABBN 26-group library, the LIPAR library of nuclear resonance parameters for the resolved resonance region, the VESTA library of continuous-energy thermal neutron cross sections, and the TEPCON thermal neutron data multigroup library (which is an alternative to VESTA). MCU-RFFI/A with the DLC/MCUDAT-1.0 library were certified by GAN in 1996 for use as a tool to perform criticality calculations for most neutron multiplication systems including those with plutonium or MOX fuels.

The scattering laws for the VESTA and TEPCON libraries are calculated using ENDF data. The ACE library is used only for energies above 100 keV. The ABBN library is used to describe smooth cross sections (with step functions) for energies above the resolved resonance range. Inelastic scattering is modeled using probability density step functions. LIPAR data are directly used in the code for calculating the continuous energy cross sections taking into account Doppler broadening. Both continuous energy (VESTA) and the multigroup approximation (TEPCON) can be used in the thermalization region. For most moderators, the scattering cross sections are calculated using Gauss's incoherent approximation. If necessary, the elastic coherent cross sections are also used. DLC/MCUDAT-1.0 also includes the DOSIM (prepared using NJOY) library which includes data for dosimetry reaction rate calculations.

MCU-RFFI/A allows the user to model an arbitrary, 3-D system described by combinatorial geometry. Geometry zones are represented by combinations of 13 different geometric bodies. Boundary conditions include vacuum, white, spectral reflection, translational symmetry, and symmetry planes. Criticality cases may be solved in Benoist's method with neutron leakage represented by buckling. Doubly heterogeneous systems (fuel elements with detailed microcells) can be modeled.

3.2.3 TVS-M

TVS-M is a spectral code used for calculations of VVER neutronics constants for cells, supercells, and fuel assemblies. A description of the TVS-M code is given in References 1 and 6. TVS-M is part of the code package for VVER calculations. The nuclear data library used by TVS-M is essentially the same as the nuclear data used with MCU-RFFI/A. For the fast energy region (> 4.65 keV) the ABBN multigroup cross section library is used. This fast energy range includes 12 groups of the library. For the resonance energy range (4.65 keV > E_n > 0.625 eV) the 13th to the 24th ABBN groups are used, with a modification to the 24th group because of mismatched lower energy boundaries. In the resonance range, TVS-M uses both group and subgroup constants. The resonance parameters from the LIPAR-3 library are applied for resonance nuclides. For these nuclides, the cross section calculation is based on the Breit-Wigner multilevel model; for the fissile nuclides, the Adler-Adler model is considered.

The thermal energy range (< 0.625 eV) is subdivided into 24 groups. A set of scattering matrices for various temperatures (calculated with the Koppel-Young model) is applied to the hydrogen in the water molecules. The group cross sections of nuclides and the scattering matrices have been obtained from the same nuclear data (TEPCON library) and the same algorithms as for the MCU-RFFI/A code. For depletion calculations, 96 fission products are considered. TVS-M uses a library of fission product yields based on ENDF/B-VI data and group cross sections from the MCU data library.

The TVS-M calculational methodology follows stages. First, a detailed calculation of all cell types in a fuel assembly (i.e. fuel cell, absorber cell, etc.) is performed. Corresponding sets of few-group constants are determined. Next, these constants are used in a nodal diffusion calculation of the whole assembly. Neutron spatial distributions (in the specified group structure) are calculated with the passing-through probability methods, which is similar to the first collision probability method. Neutron reflection at the cell boundary takes into account the actual hexagonal geometry of the boundary.

In the fast energy range, detailed calculations are performed with the use of group and subgroup microscopic cross sections from the ABBN library. The energy losses of neutrons through elastic and inelastic slowing down are described continuously, taking into account scattering anisotropy in a system of inertial centers. In the resonance energy region, the slowing down of neutrons is calculated in the same manner as for fast neutrons. Resonance nuclide cross sections are calculated for each energy value with the CROSS code using resonance parameters files for each nuclide. Interference is taken into account between potential and resonance scattering, temperature dependence of cross sections, and p-wave contributions to the scattering cross sections. The effect of mutual overlap of different resonance nuclides is also taken into account. For the thermal energy range, the group thermalization equation is solved by the passing-through probability

method. Sources are shaped when the upper energy groups are calculated. The Nelkine asymptotic limit of scattering is applied for hydrogen.

A nodal diffusion approach (with asymptotic and transient trial functions) for both neutron flux and neutron current is applied for a pin-by-pin calculation of the fuel assembly being modeled. The transient situation corresponds to finding the neutron distribution in the cell placed at the center of a supercell when a source in it is equal to zero. In such a supercell, the fuel cell is surrounding by water and a cell of the other type (I.e., homogenized fuel cells). A correction for mesh width in the balance equation compensates for the difference between average flux levels and the flux at the cell boundary. A similar correction is applied to the neutron current flowing through the cell.

Fuel depletion is modeled with TVS-M by burnup equations that are solved for every fuel pin, which can be subdivided into concentric rings (i.e., separate burnup zones). In addition to the fission product calculations, concentrations of 20 nuclides of Th to Cm are explicitly calculated with burnup. Equilibrium concentrations of ¹³⁵Xe and ¹⁴⁹Sm are also calculated.

3.2.4 WIMS-ABBN

The WIMS-ABBN code is an updated version of the WIMS-D4 code. A description of WIMS-ABBN is presented in Reference 1. The code has an updated nuclear data library and includes minor actinide chains in the calculations. Most structural materials, all neutron absorbers, and all actinides were updated in the WIMS-D4 library. Data were added for Sn, Mo, Ta, and W, and for the minor actinides ²³⁷Np, ²³⁸Pu, ²⁴¹Am, ²⁴²Am, ^{242m}Am, ²⁴³Cm, ²⁴³Cm, and ²⁴⁵Cm. Data for fission products were also updated. FP yields from ²³⁵U and ²³⁹Pu were updated, and yield data were added for the other fissile nuclides. Data for the new WIMS-D4 library were calculated on the basis of the FOND-2 evaluated nuclear data library. The ENDF/B-VI and JEF-2 nuclear data libraries were also used.

Resonance self-shielding data were calculated with the GRUCON code for cases when the narrow resonance approximation is sufficient. NJOY was used for all fuel nuclides for calculation of resonance self-shielding data, with considerations for fluctuations of collision probability density. Thermalization matrices for moderators were calculated with NJOY from ENDF/B-VI data. Scattering anisotropy is modeled in the P1 approximation. NJOY was also used to calculate average group cross sections and matrices for intergroup transitions. ACTWIMS, an additional neutron reaction cross section library, was compiled. It includes data for more nuclides and reaction types than the main WIMS-D4 library. Energy boundaries in the libraries are consistent, so ACTWIMS data could be collapsed using the neutron spectra from WIMS. A set of 48 nuclides (16 actinides, 31 FPs, and oxygen) is used.

Improvements to WIMS-D4 include the extension of resonance self-shielding of neutron cross sections to the thermal energy range. This will benefit the accurate treatment of neutron capture in ²⁴²Pu, which has a resonance energy level at a very low energy. Another improvement to the code is the addition of the module AVERAGE to collapse the ACTWIMS cross sections in the cell-averaged neutron spectra calculated by WIMS. The number of nuclear reactions considered during actinide generation was

extended, but the structure of the WIMS-D4 library does not allow for the inclusion of some important reactions. The production of $^{242}\mathrm{Am}$ and $^{242m}\mathrm{Am}$ through neutron capture by $^{241}\mathrm{Am}$ cannot be considered as WIMS-D4 cannot treat branching in the capture process. Production of $^{242}\mathrm{Cm}$ and $^{243}\mathrm{Cm}$ cannot be modeled correctly. The (n,2n) reaction cannot be considered if the (n, γ) reaction is included. To correct this shortcoming, the code CREDE was developed.

CREDE works in conjunction with WIMS-D4 and AVERAGE, and is used for calculating heavy metal (HM) concentrations during burnup simulations and during long decay periods. In CREDE depletion calculations, one-group microscopic cross sections are taken from the WIMS library or, if not present, the ACTWIMS library. The neutron flux required for the CREDE calculations either comes from WIMS or is computed in CREDE itself from the specific power level. At each burnup step, the neutron flux and microscopic cross sections are updated.

4 RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The SCALE-4.3 SAS2H results from an Oak Ridge National Laboratory analysis of the weapons-grade MOX VVER-1000 pin-cell neutronics benchmark study are presented in this section. The SAS2H results are compared to the results from the HELIOS-1.4 benchmark study also performed at ORNL and documented in Reference 3. The benchmark results from three Russian codes are also compared. The Russian results are documented in Reference 1 and include calculations using MCU-RFFI/A, TVS-M, and WIMS-ABBN.

Zero-burnup results are shown in Section 4.1 for cases with benchmark variants V1-V4 and V7-V10 for states S1 to S6. The calculations were performed using the official benchmark specifications including the large given value for the buckling, B²=0.003cm⁻².

In addition to the zero-burnup cases, three fuel depletion cases were completed using SAS2H. The fuel depletion cases were for variants V1 (LEU), V2 (weapons-grade Pu MOX), and V10 (reactor-grade Pu MOX) all with State S1, for a burnup history from 0 to 60 MWd/kgHE. These results are presented in Section 4.2.

4.1 BENCHMARK RESULTS FOR CASES WITHOUT FUEL DEPLETION

The k_{eff} , k_o , and k_{inf} results of the SAS2H zero-burnup benchmark cases are presented in Table 4.1. These data represent the completion of 80 individual SAS2H runs. Most of these calculations were also repeated with the SCALE-4.3/CSAS module, to confirm the results; the results were identical.

In Table 4.2, the SAS2H k-values are tabulated along with the results from the earlier HELIOS study and several sets of Russian code results. Some of the calculations performed in Russia used different definitions than the standard state and composition definitions, particularly with respect to the amounts of ¹³⁵Xe and ¹⁴⁹Sm modeled. For the Russian code TVS-M, several distinct sets of results (indicated by different colors and superscripts) were presented in Reference 1 with various different modeling nuances.

For fuel variant V9, the k_o values for S1 and S6 from Reference 1 (Table 4.139) were clearly typographical errors in Reference 1. These data are still included in Table 4.2 for completeness, the problem in the k_o values are flagged by a footnote (the corresponding k_{eff} values are not consistent with the k_o values). Generally, once the differences in the simulated state definitions are taken into account, there is good agreement between the results of SAS2H, MCU-RFFI/A, HELIOS, and TVS-M.

In terms of reactivity $\%\Delta k/k^2 = 100[(k_{\text{SAS2H}}-k_{\text{HELIOS}})/k_{\text{SAS2H}}k_{\text{HELIOS}}) = 100(1/k_{\text{HELIOS}}-1/k_{\text{SAS2H}})$, the differences in k-values between SAS2H and HELIOS show trends. Table 4.3 shows the reactivity differences between the SAS2H and the HELIOS k-value determinations. Values for k_{inf} are systematically slightly higher in HELIOS than in SAS2H. For the 40 cases shown in Table 4.2, the HELIOS k_{inf} is higher than the SAS2H k_{inf} by an average of $1.07\pm0.06~\%\Delta k/k^2$. Values for k_{eff} , on the other hand, are generally slightly higher for SAS2H than for HELIOS, by an average of $1.03\pm0.10~\%\Delta k/k^2$. The agreement between SAS2H and HELIOS results for all the benchmark variants in State S6 is the best: $0.46\pm0.13~\%\Delta k/k^2$ for differences in k_{inf} and $-0.64\pm0.11~\%\Delta k/k^2$ for k_{inf} and $0.46\pm0.13~\%\Delta k/k^2$ for k_{eff} . The difference between SAS2H and HELIOS k-values for the other state

sets are similar: -1.07 to -1.23 % $\Delta k/k^2$ for k_{inf} , and 1.10 to 1.27 % $\Delta k/k^2$ for k_{eff} . For subsets of results by benchmark variant (for all states) the best average agreement S-H for k_{eff} is V9 with -0.14±0.06 % $\Delta k/k^2$, the corresponding kinf difference is the largest, -1.69±0.13 % $\Delta k/k^2$. The k_{eff} disagreement for V2 is the worst, at 1.44±0.16 % $\Delta k/k^2$, with a corresponding k_{inf} difference of -0.76±0.11 % $\Delta k/k^2$; this is also the average k_{inf} difference for benchmark variant V7 cases.

Reactivity effect values are of greater importance and interest than the absolute k-values themselves. From the k-values presented in Table 4.1 and 4.2, sets of reactivity differences were calculated from the results from each computer code for six pertinent quantities and reactor state changes. These reactivities are listed in Table 4.4 in terms of $\%\Delta k/k^2$; that is, $\Delta \rho = 100[(k_1-k_2)/k_1k_2] = 100(1/k_1 - 1/k_2)$. The reactivity differences based on k_{eff} are significantly different from those based on k_o or k_{inf} . This is most likely because of the neutron leakage behavior related to the large buckling value $B^2 = 0.003 \text{cm}^{-2}$ that is specified in Reference 1.

The reactivity differences for cold-to-hot coolant include the major effect of coolant density decrease from the expansion at hot temperatures, and the associated effective reduction in the coolant boron concentration. In Table 4.4, it is seen that these reactivity values have the largest differences between the results from k_{eff} and the results from k_{o} and k_{inf} . These k_{eff} vs k_{o} and k_{inf} differences are carried through to the "cold-to-hot reactor" reactivity effects seen in Table 4.4.

The boron worth reactivity effect determinations (based on states S1 and S3) from MCU and TVS-M as presented in Table 4.4 have actually been corrected for various concentration levels of ¹⁴⁹Sm and ¹³⁵Xe in the Russian benchmark S1 and S3 calculations. These modeling differences are discussed in the footnotes to Table 4.2. The corrected values presented in Table 4.4 are approximate since the reactivity worth of boron will be somewhat different when calculated in the presence of different levels of ¹³⁵Xe and ¹⁴⁹Sm. Once the variable reactivity effects for ¹⁴⁹Sm and ¹³⁵Xe are subtracted, the boron worth reactivity effect values from the Russian codes and the HELIOS and SAS2H calculations come into good general agreement. The reactivity worths for boron, and for ¹³⁵Xe and ¹⁴⁹Sm, are seen to be larger for LEU fuel (V1) than for the MOX cases (V2 and V10), as expected from neutron spectral considerations. The reactivity worth calculations for ¹³⁵Xe and ¹⁴⁹Sm (based on the state S1 and S4 k-values shown in Table 4.2) are in good general agreement for all the codes.

The reactivity effects from fuel temperature changes (Doppler broadening) and coolant expansion and coolant temperature increase are consistently slightly larger for SAS2H calculations than for the other codes, for all the benchmark cases. For the cold-to-hot reactivity effects: generally, HELIOS, MCU, and TVS-M results agree to within about 1 to 5%. SAS2H results agree to within about 5 to 10%.

Table 4.1. SCALE-4.3/SAS2H zero-burnup benchmark results: V1-V10, states S1-S6.

State →		S1			S 3			S4			S5			S6	
Benchmark Variant ↓	k _{eff}	k _o	k _{inf}	k _{eff}	k _o	k _{inf}	$\mathbf{k}_{ ext{eff}}$	$\mathbf{k}_{\mathbf{o}}$	k _{inf}	k _{eff}	k _o	k _{inf}	k _{eff}	k _o	k _{inf}
V1	1.0800	1.2539	1.2589	1.1264	1.3084	1.3140	1.1199	1.3007	1.3065	1.1350	1.3189	1.3245	1.2286	1.3636	1.3669
V2	1.0396	1.2028	1.2054	1.0638	1.2311	1.2339	1.0562	1.2222	1.2250	1.0745	1.2439	1.2466	1.1948	1.3227	1.3248
V3	0.9270	1.0780	1.0818	0.9645	1.1220	1.1264	0.9602	1.1170	1.1215	0.9765	1.1365	1.1410	1.0680	1.1873	1.1902
V4	0.8718	1.0122	1.0156	0.9055	1.0516	1.0556	0.9013	1.0467	1.0508	0.9163	1.0646	1.0686	1.0060	1.1171	1.1197
V7	1.1225	1.3002	1.3036	1.1500	1.3324	1.3361	1.1414	1.3222	1.3259	1.1578	1.3419	1.3445	1.2714	1.4088	1.4105
V8	0.9355	1.0850	1.0896	0.9807	1.1380	1.1434	0.9769	1.1335	1.1390	0.9939	1.1540	1.1593	1.0893	1.2082	1.2115
V9	1.3211	1.5239	1.5279	1.3513	1.5590	1.5633	1.3403	1.5460	1.5503	1.3596	1.5690	1.5732	1.4638	1.6169	1.6189
V10	0.9651	1.0957	1.0950	0.9760	1.1082	1.1076	0.9701	1.1014	1.1007	0.9861	1.1200	1.1194	1.0930	1.1935	1.1937

Table 4.2. Benchmark case k-values by variant, state, and computer code.

															V	
	_		$\mathbf{S}1$			83			8.4 4.0			85			Se	
		k eff	K,	Kinf	k eff	, K	k inf	Keff	K,	kinf	k err	Кo	$\mathbf{k}_{\mathrm{inf}}$	Keff	k,	Kinf
L	SASZH	1.0800	1.2539	1.2589	1.1264	1.3084	1.3140	1.1199	1.3007	1.3065	1.1350	1.3189	1,3245	1.2286	1.3636	1.3669
	HELIOS	1.0648	1.2703	1.2750	1.1110	1.3259	1.3315	1.1039	1.3172	1.3227	1.1173	1.3339	1.3393	1.2207	1.3727	1.3754
I.	MCU	1.0639	1.2690	1.2743	1.1531	1.3760	1.3841	1.1033	1.3150	1.3219	1.1161	1.3320	1.3382	1.2187	1.3700	1.3739
Λ	TVS-Md				1.1069	1.3208		1.1021	1.3149		1.1151	1.3311		1.2202	1.3721	
	TVS-M*	1.0611	1.2656		1.1526	1.3758		1.1021	1.3149		1.1151	1.3311		1.2202	1.3721	
	TVS-M	1.0609	1.2654										,	0, 0,	,	0, 00
	SAS2H	1.0396	1.2028	1.2054	1.0638	1.2311	1.2339	1.0562	1.2222	1.2250	1.0745	1.2439	1.2466	1.1948	1.3227	1.3248
	HELIOS	1.0227	1.2166	1.2188	1.0469	1.2455	1.2481	1.0389	1.2358	1.2383	1.0551	1.2558	1.2583	1.1832	1.3292	1.3309
7	MCC	1.0200	1.2100	1.2135	1.0614	1.2580	1.2632	1.0368	1.2290	1.2331	1.0498	1.2480	1.2514	1.1786	1.3210	1.3242
Λ	TVS-Md		_		1.0338	1.2275		1.0408	1.2358		1.0562	1.2547		1.1818	1.3259	
	TVS-Me	1.0229	1.2144		1.0670	1.2671		1.0408	1.2358		1.0562	1.2547		1.1818	1.3259	
	TVS-M1	1.0098	1.1987													
	SAS2H	0.9270	1.0780	1.0818	0.9645	1.1220	1.1264	0.9602	1.1170	1.1215	0.9765	1.1365	1.1410	1.0680	1.1873	1.1902
ε	HELIOS	0.9128	1.0915	1.0948	0.9500	1.1364	1.1403	0.9453	1.1306	1.1345	0.9604	1.1492	1.1531	1.0603	1.1946	1.1968
Λ	MCU													1.0479 ^b	1.2096^{b}	1.2060
	TVS-Me	0.9123	1.0883		6886.0	1.1805		0.9471	1.1301		0.9615	1.1479		1.0614	1.1941	
	SAS2H	0.8718	1.0122	1.0156	0.9055	1.0516	1.0556	0.9013	1.0467	1.0508	0.9163	1.0646	1,0686	1.0060	1.1171	1.1197
Þ	HELIOS	0.8602	1.0269	1.0297	0.8936	1.0672	1.0707	0.8890	1.0615	1.0649	0.9029	1.0787	1.0821	1.0005	1.1262	1.1282
Λ	MCU				0.9047	1.1200	1.1260	0.8683	1.0760	1.0803	0.8806	1.0920	1.0956	0.9890°	1.1360°	1.1396
_	TVS-Me	0.8564	1.0204		0.9243	1.1022		0.8871	1.0573		0.9001	1.0734		0.9985	1.1226	
L	SAS2H	1.1225	1.3002	1.3036	1.1500	1.3324	1.3361	1.1414	1.3222	1.3259	1.1578	1.3419	1.3445	1.2714	1.4088	1.4105
L	HELIOS	1.1046	1.3156	1.3189	1.1321	1.3487	1.3523	1.1229	1.3376	1.3412	1.1369	1.3550	1.3584	1.2595	1.4160	1.4181
Λ	MCU													1.2501	1.4030	1.4058
	TVS-Me	1.0967	1.3035		1.1464	1.3630		1.1169	1.3277		1.1303	1.3444		1.2515	1.4051	
	SAS2H	0.9355	1.0850	1.0896	0.9807	1.1380	1.1434	69260	1.1335	1.1390	0.9939	1.1540	1.1593	1.0893	1.2082	1.2115
8	HELIOS	0.9240	1.1005	1.1044	0.9690	1.1547	1.1595	0.9646	1.1492	1.1540	0.9800	1.1682	1.1728	1.0831	1.2167	1.2191
Λ	MCU													1.0828	1.2160	1.2196
	TVS-Me	0.9275	1.1047		1.0207	1.2170		0.9702	1.1561		0.9846	1.1740		1.0888	1.2234	
	SAS2H	1.3211	1.5239	1.5279	1.3513	1.5590	1.5633	1.3403	1.5460	1.5503	1.3596	1.5690	1.5732	1.4638	1.6169	1.6189
6.	_	1.3228	1.5676	1.5722	1.3543	1.6052	1.6103	1.3425	1.5911	1.5960	1.3593	1.6117	1.6165	1.4713	1.6484	1.6508
Λ														1.4177"	1.6200	1.6323
	TVS-Me	1.2798	1.1598#		1.3322	1.5824		1.3003	1.5443		1.3166	1.5644		1.4343	1.06958	
	SAS2H	0.9651	1.0957	1.0950	0.9760	1.1082	1.1076	0.9701	1.1014	1.1007	0.9861	1.1200	1.1194	1.0930	1.1935	1.1937
0		0.9593	1.1154	1.1136	0.9707	1.1287	1.1270	0.9643	1.1212	1.1195	0.9799	1.1399	1.1381	1.0910	1.2093	1.2091
LA	_				0.9626	1.1177		0.9695	1.1257		0.9837	1.1427		1.0934	1.2104	
_	_	0.9639	1.1191		0.9815	1.1398		0.9695	1.1257		0.9837	1.1427		1.0934	1.2104	
	TVS-M	0.9513	1.1045													1
rthe	rther MCU results reported in [1]: "kere=1.432 with correct 241P1	ults reporte	' i[1] ui þ:	keff=1.432 W	ith correc	t ²⁴¹ Pu spec	trum; "O2	in fuel, k _{ef}	u spectrum; ⁹ O ₂ in fuel, kett=1.0629, ko=1.1989; ckett=1.0004, ko=1.1284;	to=1.1989;	$^{\circ}$ k $_{err}$ =1.000	4, k = 1.12	84;			

Further MCU results reported in [1]: "kett=1.432 with correct ""Pu spectrum; U2 in tue; hett=1.vvz., hours and 1495m are at TVS-M-calculated equilibrium levels for S3 for V1, V2, V10; for other V's the levels are set to zero; "Table 4.138 [1]: for all V's, 133Xe and 1495m are at specified benchmark levels for S1 but at zero for S3; "Table 4.139 [1]; for V1, V2, V10 and S1 only; 135Xe and 149Sm are at TVS-M-calculated equilibrium levels instead of the specified benchmark levels." Fauspected typographical error in these two values from Table 4.138 in [1];

²⁴

Table 4.3. Reactivity differences between SAS2H and HELIOS k-values results.

State →	S	L	S	3	S	4	S	5	S	6
Benchmark Variant ↓	*(%Δk/k²) _{eff}	(%∆k/k²) _{inf}	(%Δk/k²) _{eff}	(%∆k/k²) _{inf}	(%∆k/k²) _{eff}	(%∆k/k²) _{inf}	(%∆k/k²) _{eff}	(%∆k/k²) _{inf}	(%Δk/k²) _{eff}	(%∆k/k²) _{inf}
V1	1.32	-1.00	1.23	-1.00	1.29	-0.94	1.40	-0.83	0.53	-0.45
V2	1.59	-0.91	1.52	-0.92	1.58	-0.88	1.71	-0.75	0.82	-0.35
V3	1.68	-1.10	1.58	-1.08	1.64	-1.02	1.72	-0.92	0.68	-0.46
V4	1.55	-1.35	1.47	-1.34	1.54	-1.26	1.62	-1.17	0.55	-0.67
V7	1.44	-0.89	1.37	-0.90	1.44	-0.86	1.59	-0.76	0.74	-0.38
V8	1.33	-1.23	1.23	-1.21	1.31	-1.14	1.43	-0.99	0.53	-0.51
V9	-0.10	-1.84	-0.16	-1.87	-0.12	-1.85	0.02	-1.70	-0.35	-1.19
V10	0.63	-1.53	0.56	-1.55	0.62	-1.53	0.64	-1.47	0.17	-1.07

^{*} Δk is the difference between the SAS2H and HELIOS results. The reactivity differences tabulated in all the columns are equal to 100(1/kuru toe - 1/keacqu).

Table 4.4. Reactivity effects by fuel variant, state changes, and computer code.

		coo (base	ivity wo lant boo d on k-v or S1,S3	ron values	(wa (579) (base	tempers irm-to-k K to 102 d on k-v or <i>S4</i> , <i>S</i> 5	iot) 27K) values	hot) (3 includ (base	ant (colo 600K to ing expa d on k-v or S5,S6	579K) ansion alues	to-ho condi ¹⁴⁹ Si (base	reactor ot full-po itions <u>wi</u> m nor ¹³ d on k-v or <i>S4,S6</i>	ower th no Xe. alues	conc ¹⁴⁹ S (base	ivity wo quilibriu centratio m and ¹³ d on k-v or <i>S1,S4</i>	m on of ³⁵ Xe values	to-ho cone equil l and ¹³	reactor of full poditions y levels of ⁵ Xe (base ues for S	ower <u>with</u> · ¹⁴⁹ Sm sed on
		Δρ)=%Δk	/k²	Δρ	=%Δk	/k²	Δρ	=%Δk/	′k²	Δρ	=%Δk	′k²	Δρ	=%Δk/	′k²	Δρ	=%Δk	/k²
	Based on →	k _{eff}	k _o	k _{inf}	k _{eff}	\mathbf{k}_{o}	k _{inf}	k _{eff}	\mathbf{k}_{o}	$\mathbf{k}_{ ext{inf}}$	k _{eff}	\mathbf{k}_{o}	k inf	$\mathbf{k}_{\mathrm{eff}}$	\mathbf{k}_{o}	k _{inf}	k _{eff}	k _o	k _{inf}
V1	SAS2H HELIOS MCU TVS-M	-3.814 -3.905 -3.914 -3.975	-3.322 -3.301 -3.371 -3.367	-3.331 -3.328 -3.399	-1.188 -1.086 -1.039 -1.058	-1.061 -0.951 -0.971 -3.366	-1.040 -0.937 -0.921	-6.712 -7.581 -7.543 -7.724	-2.485 -2.119 -2.082 -2.245	-2.342 -1.960 -1.942	-7.900 -8.668 -8.583 -8.782	-3.546 -3.069 -3.053 -3.170	-3.382 -2.897 -2.863	-3.299 -3.326 -3.357 -3.506	-2.869 -2.803 -2.757 -2.962	-2.894 -2.828 -2.826	-11.199 -11.994 -11.939 -12.288	-6.416 -5.872 -5.810 -6.133	- 6.276 -5.725 -5.689
V2	SAS2H HELIOS MCU TVS-M	-2.188 -2.260 -2.235 -2.360	-1.905 -1.907 -1.875 -1.999	-1.914 -1.926 -1.932	-1.609 -1.478 -1.194 -1.401	-1.429 -1.289 -1.239 -1.219	-1.417 -1.284 -1.186	-9.370 -10.261 -10.410 -10.062	-4.794 -4.397 -4.428 -4.280	-4.735 -4.335 -4.393	-10.979 -11.739 -11.604 -11.463	-6.222 -5.523 -5.667 -5.499	-6.152 - 5.619 - 5.579	-1.513 -1.525 -1.589 -1.681	-1.314 -1.277 -1.278 -1.426	-1.325 -1.292 -1.310	-12.491 -13.264 -13.193 -13.145	-7.536 -6.963 -6.944 -6.925	-7.477 -6.911 -6.869
V3	SAS2H HELIOS TVS-M	-4.194 - 4.290 -4.450	-3.638 -3.620 -3.757	-3.660 -3.645	-1.738 -1.663 -1.628	-1.536 -1.432 -1.419	•1.524 •1.422	-8.774 -9.810 -9.789	-3.765 -3.307 -3.371	-3.623 -3.167	-10.512 -11.474 -11.370	-5.301 -4.739 -4.743	-5.147 -4.588	-3.730 -3.767 -4.041	-3.239 -3.168 -3.420	-3.272 - 3.196	-14.242 -15.240 -16.618	- 8.540 -7.907 -8.922	- 8.419 -7.785
V4	SAS2H HELIOS MCU TVS-M	-4.269 -4.345 -4.537	-3.702 -3.677 -3.853	-3.731 -3.719	-1.816 -1.732 -1.609 -1.628	-1.606 -1.502 -1.362 -1.419	-1.585 -1.493 -1.293	-9.731 -10.804 -12.447 -10.949	-4.414 -3.910 -3.547 -4.083	-4.271 -3.776 -3.524	-11.547 -12.536 -14.055 -12.577	-6.021 -5.412 -4.909 -5.502	- 5.856 -5.269 -4.817	-3.754 -3.766 -4.041	-3.256 -3.174 -3.420	-3.298 -3.210	-15.302 -16.302 -16.618	-9.277 -8.586 -8.922	-9.154 -8.479
7.7	SAS2H HELIOS TVS-M	-2.130 -2.199 -2.304	-1.859 -1.865 -1.951	-1.866 -1.873	-1.241 -1.097 -1.061	-1.110 -0.960 -0.936	-1.043 -0.944	-7.717 -8.562 -8.568	-3.539 -3.179 -3.213	- 3.480 -3.099	- 8.958 - 9 .659 -9.629	-4.649 -4.139 -4.149	-4.524 -4.043	-1.475 -1.475 -1.649	-1.280 -1.250 -1.398	-1. 290 -1.261	-10.433 -11.134 -11.279	-5.929 -5.389 -5.547	-5.814 -5.304
8.4	SAS2H HELIOS TVS-M	-4.927 -5.026 -5.100	-4.292 -4.265 -4.328	-4.318 -4.303	-1.751 -1.629 -1.507	-1.567 -1.415 -1.319	-1.537 -1.389	-8.812 -9.713 -9.720	-3.887 -3.412 -3.439	-3.717 -3.238	-10.563 -11.342 -11.227	-5.455 -4.828 -4.758	- 5.254 -4.627	-4.530 -4.555 -4.745	-3.944 -3.851 -4.025	-3.980 -3.892	-15.093 -15.898 -15.972	-9.398 * -8.678 -8.783	-9.234 -8.519
6/	SAS2H HELIOS TVS-M	-1.692 -1.758 -1.841	-1.477 -1.494	-1.482 -1.505	-1.059 -0.921 -0.952	-0.948 -0.803 -0.832	-0.939 -0.795	-5.236 -5.600 -6.233	-1.888 -1.381	-1.794 -1.285	-6.295 -6.521 -7.185	-2.836 -2.185	-2.733 - 2.080	-1.084 -1.109 -1.232	-0.938 -0.942	- 0.946 -0.948	- 7.379 - 7.630 -8.417	- 3.774 -3.127	-3.679 -3.028
V10	SAS2H HELIOS TVS-M	-1.157 -1.224 -1.261	-1.029 -1.056 -1.099	-1.039 -1.068	-1.673 -1.651 -1.489	-1.508 -1.463 -1.322	-1.518 -1.460	-9.918 -10.392 -10.199	-5.499 - 5.03 5 -4.895	-5.560 -5.160	-11.591 -12.043 -11.688	-7.006 -6.498 -6.216	-7.078 -6.619	-0.534 -0.541 -0.599	-0.472 -0.464 -0.524	-0.473 -0.473	-12.125 -12.584 -12.287	-7.479 -6.961 -6.740	-7.551 -7.093

^{*} Note: MCU and TVS-M coolant boron Δρ values are corrected approximately for effects of various ¹³⁵Xe and ¹⁴⁹Sm levels discussed in notes to Table 4.2, using appropriate Russian data.

The TVS-M data shown in this table are all calculated from the Russian k-determinations from Table 4.138 of Reference 1, which were presented in Table 4.2 of this report as TVS-M^e.

4.2 BENCHMARK RESULTS FOR CASES WITH FUEL DEPLETION

The results from three fuel depletion simulations performed with SAS2H as part of the benchmark study are presented below. The three fuel depletion cases are with fuel variants V1 (LEU UO₂), V2 (WG MOX), and V10 (RG MOX), all at State S1 conditions and with the specific power densities shown in Table 2.3. The case burnup steps were chosen to provide results at every 2 MWd/kgHE burnup increment between 0 and 60 MWd/kgHE. The case input files are included as Appendices A to C. The SAS2H results for the fuel depletion cases are also compared to results from the ORNL study with HELIOS and from two Russian studies with TVS-M and with WIMS-ABBN. In Table 4.5, the results are summarized in terms of the initial and discharge k-values. These comparisons are seen graphically in Figure 4.1.

Table 4.5. Comparison of k_{eff} and k_o calculations in state S1 fuel depletion simulations.

Fuel Variant	Computer Code	BOL Fuel (0	MWd/kgHE)	EOL Burnup (60 MWd/kgHE)
ruei variant	Computer Code	k_o	$\mathbf{k}_{ ext{eff}}$	\mathbf{k}_{o}	$\mathbf{k}_{ ext{eff}}$
	SAS2H	1.2539	1.0800	0.8581	0.7411
V1	HELIOS	1.2703	1.0648	0.8557	0.7161
٧١	TVS-M	1.2654	1.0609	0.8542	0.7143
	WIMS-ABBN	1.2614	1.0572	0.8541	0.7179
	SAS2H	1.2028	1.0396	0.8445	0.7315
V2	HELIOS	1.2166	1.0227	0.8451	0.7098
V Z	TVS-M	1.1988	1.0098	0.8434	0.7076
	WIMS-ABBN	1.2004	1.0149	0.8401	0.7093
	SAS2H	1.0957	0.9651	0.9172	0.8090
V10	HELIOS	1.1154	0.9593	0.9291	0.7982
AIO	TVS-M	1.1045	0.9513	0.9170	0.7869
	WIMS-ABBN	1.1013	0.9517	0.9206	0.7952

With the SCALE-4.3/SAS2H sequence, only one fuel region can be modeled in a fuel pincell simulation. In HELIOS for example, the fuel can be modeled as concentric regions, permitting the modeling of the important outer annulus of the fuel for MOX fuel burnup simulations. Some small offsets in k determinations result when only one fuel region is considered. To assess this, a test case with HELIOS-1.4 for variant benchmark V2, changing the fuel region representation to just one fuel region as in SAS2H, results in a $-0.08\%\Delta k/k^2$ reactivity drop in k_0 and a $-0.09\%\Delta k/k^2$ reactivity drop in k_{eff} for BOL, and a $-0.23\%\Delta k/k^2$ drop in k_0 and a $-0.27\%\Delta k/k^2$ drop in k_{eff} at 60 MWd/kgHE.

In Figure 4.1 below, the k_o values are depicted for the BOL and EOL of each fuel depletion scenario. There is good agreement between the results of the four codes. In fact, the results at EOL (60 MWd/kg) are in very good agreement though the codes employ different methodologies and different nuclear data libraries. For example, SAS2H used

ENDF/B-V data in a 238 neutron energy group library while HELIOS used ENDF/B-VI data in a 190 neutron energy group library.

In Figures 4.2 and 4.3, the detailed k_o vs burnup data from the four codes are shown graphically for two pertinent cases, V2 (WG MOX) and V10 (RG MOX), respectively. In Figure 4.2, it is seen that the curves for SAS2H, TVS-M, and WIMS-ABBN start from almost the same value at zero burnup, and then diverge slightly. The TVS-M and HELIOS curves are very close for most of the burnup history. The SAS2H and WIMS-ABBN curves are similar to each other. At EOL, the results of all the codes are very close; the end points for SAS2H, HELIOS, and TVS-M are almost the same value.

An interesting detail is that the curves for SAS2H, HELIOS, and WIMS-ABBN all exhibit an initial drop or "kink" at the first burnup step while the TVS-M curve has no discontinuity. This effect is also seen in the curves in Figure 4.3. Apparently, the kink results from the simulations in SAS2H, HELIOS, and WIMS-ABBN using the specified initial concentrations from Reference 1 for ¹³⁵Xe and ¹⁴⁹Sm as requested in the specifications for State S1, the TVS-M simulation actually used its internal y consistent ¹³⁵Xe and ¹⁴⁹Sm concentrations.

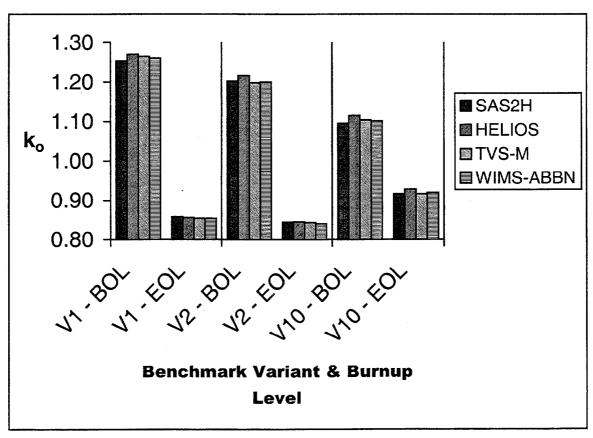


Figure 4.1. k_o for V1, V2, and V10 at fresh (BOL) and 60MWd/kgHE (EOL) burnup.

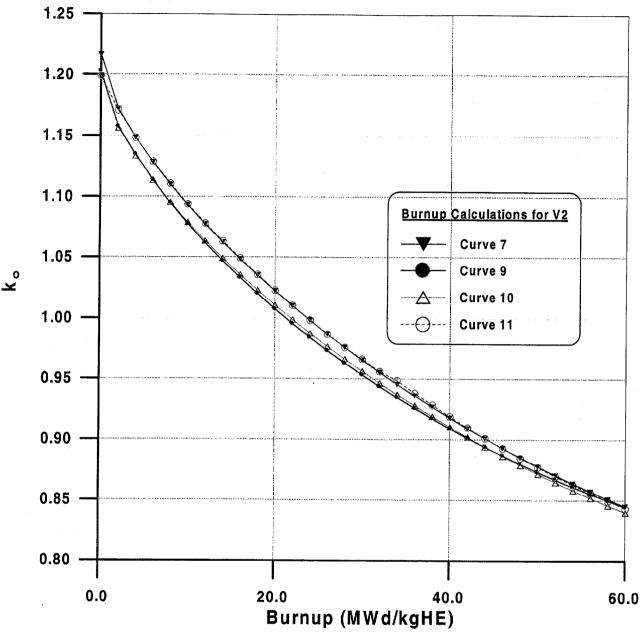


Figure 4.2. Code Comparison of ko vs burnup for Fuel Variant V2 (WG MOX).

Further investigation assessed the concentrations of these two important fission product poison nuclides as functions of burnup for the V2 fuel depletion case only. The results are shown in Tables 4.6 and 4.7. It is clear that at BOL the concentrations in the TVS-M simulation are considerably greater than the State S1 values used in the other code calculations. The given values for these concentrations are too small and definitely not consistent with the correct value for the power density and neutron flux levels in the simulations. The concentration levels undergo adjustment throughout the simulations and particularly during the first burnup step.

Table 4.6. ¹³⁵Xe concentration (a/b-cm) in fuel during depletion simulation for V2.

	0 MWd/kg	10 MWd/kg	20 MWd/kg	30 MWd/kg	40 MWd/kg	50 MWd/kg	60 MWd/kg
SAS2H	9.46×10 ⁻⁹	1.55×10 ⁻⁸	1.42×10 ⁻⁸	1.31×10 ⁻⁸	1.22×10 ⁻⁸	1.14×10 ⁻⁸	1.02×10 ⁻⁸
HELIOS	9.46×10 ⁻⁹	1.57×10 ⁻⁸	1.42×10 ⁻⁸	1.29×10 ⁻⁸	1.18×10 ⁻⁸	1.08×10 ⁻⁸	1.01×10 ⁻⁸
WIMS-A-	9.46×10 ⁻⁹	1.55×10 ⁻⁸	1.41×10 ⁻⁸	1.29×10 ⁻⁸	1.18×10 ⁻⁸	1.09×10 ⁻⁸	1.01×10 ⁻⁸
TVS-M	1.60×10 ⁻⁸	1.47×10 ⁻⁸	1.33×10 ⁻⁸	1.20×10 ⁻⁸	1.09×10 ⁻⁸	1.01×10 ⁻⁸	9.37×10 ⁻⁹

Table 4.7. ¹⁴⁹Sm concentration (a/b-cm) in fuel during depletion simulation for V2.

	0 MWd/kg	10 MWd/kg	20 MWd/kg	30 MWd/kg	40 MWd/kg	50 MWd/kg	60 MWd/kg
SAS2H	7.37×10 ⁻⁸	1.74×10 ⁻⁷	1.74×10 ⁻⁷	1.68×10 ⁻⁷	1.60×10 ⁻⁷	1.52×10 ⁻⁷	1.31×10 ⁻⁷
HELIOS	7.37×10 ⁻⁸	1.79×10 ⁻⁷	1.75×10 ⁻⁷	1.66×10 ⁻⁷	1.56×10 ⁻⁷	1.46×10 ⁻⁷	1.37×10 ⁻⁷
WIMS-A-C	7.37×10 ⁻⁷	1.80×10 ⁻⁷	1.78×10 ⁻⁷	1.69×10 ⁻⁷	1.57×10 ⁻⁷	1.45×10 ⁻⁷	1.35×10 ⁻⁷
TVS-M	1.57×10 ⁻⁷	1.39×10 ⁻⁷	1.20×10 ⁻⁷	1.05×10 ⁻⁷	9.24×10 ⁻⁸	8.30×10 ⁻⁸	7.57×10 ⁻⁸

Tables 4.8 and 4.9 show good agreement between the codes for the concentrations of two representative fissile nuclides 235 U and 239 Pu during the V2 depletion simulation. The relative differences in the net change in 239 Pu between BOL and EOL for SAS2H, HELIOS, TVS-M, and WIMS-ABBN are within 5% for the four codes. The relative differences in the net change in 235 U for the four codes are within $\pm 1.5\%$.

Table 4.8. ²³⁹Pu concentration (a/b-cm) in fuel during depletion simulation for V2.

	0 MWd/kg	10 MWd/kg	20 MWd/kg	30 MWd/kg	40 MWd/kg	50 MWd/kg	60 MWd/kg
SAS2H	6.59×10 ⁻⁴	5.16×10 ⁻⁴	4.08×10 ⁻⁴	3.30×10 ⁻⁴	2.76×10-4	2.42×10 ⁻⁴	2.20×10 ⁻⁴
HELIOS	6.59×10 ⁻⁴	5.12×10 ⁻⁴	3.97×10 ⁻⁴	3.13×10 ⁻⁴	2.55×10 ⁻⁴	2.17×10 ⁻⁴	1.93×10 ⁻⁴
WIMS-A-C	6.59×10 ⁻⁴	5.14×10 ⁻⁴	4.04×10 ⁻⁴	3.22×10 ⁻⁴	2.65×10 ⁻⁴	2.28×10 ⁻⁴	2.04×10 ⁻⁴
TVS-M	6.59×10 ⁻⁴	5.16×10 ⁻⁴	4.05×10 ⁻⁴	3.22×10 ⁻⁴	2.64×10 ⁻⁴	2.25×10 ⁻⁴	2.01×10 ⁻⁴

Table 4.9. ²³⁵U concentration (a/b-cm) in fuel during depletion simulation for V2.

	0 MWd/kg	10 MWd/kg	20 MWd/kg	30 MWd/kg	40 MWd/kg	50 MWd/kg	60 MWd/kg
SAS2H	3.84×10 ⁻⁵	3.17×10 ⁻⁵	2.55×10 ⁻⁵	2.01×10 ⁻⁵	1.55×10 ⁻⁵	1.17×10 ⁻⁵	8.69×10 ⁻⁶
HELIOS	3.84×10 ⁻⁵	3.17×10 ⁻⁵	2.56×10 ⁻⁵	2.01×10 ⁻⁵	1.53×10 ⁻⁵	1.14×10 ⁻⁵	8.24×10 ⁻⁶
	3.84×10 ⁻⁵	3.17×10 ⁻⁵	2.56×10 ⁻⁵	2.01×10 ⁻⁵	1.53×10 ⁻⁴	1.14×10 ⁻⁵	8.31×10 ⁻⁵
TVS-M	3.84×10 ⁻⁵	3.17×10 ⁻⁵	2.55×10 ⁻⁵	2.00×10 ⁻⁵	1.52×10 ⁻⁵	1.12×10 ⁻⁵	8.09×10 ⁻⁶

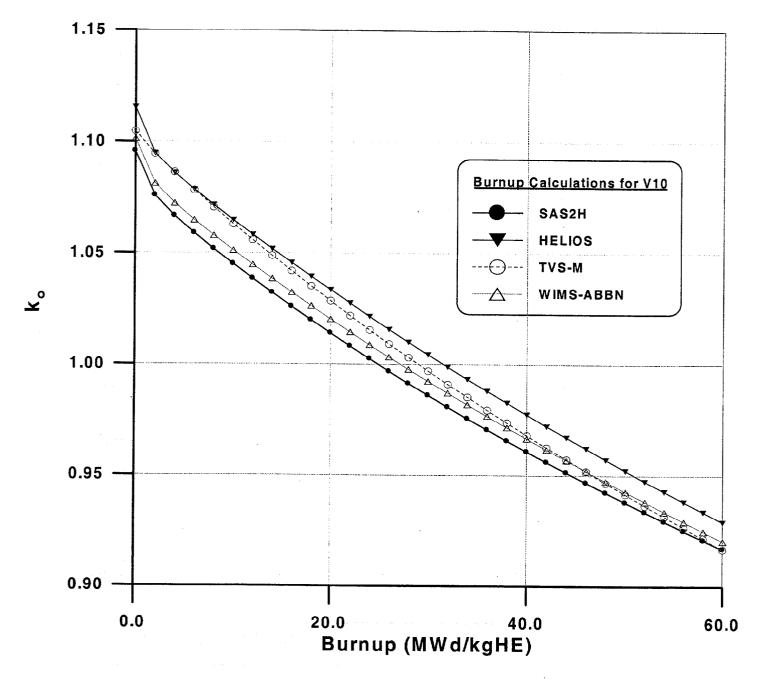


Figure 4.3. Code Comparison of ko vs burnup for Fuel Variant V10 (RG MOX).

Figure 4.3 shows the k_o vs burnup curves for the four codes for the V10 (RG MOX) depletion case. As seen in Figure 4.1, the difference in k_o between BOL and EOL is smaller for the V10 case than the V2 case, thus the relative overall spread between the four code curves is about the same as in Figure 4.2. For the RG MOX depletion simulation, the curves for SAS2H, TVS-M, and WIMS-ABBN tend to converge at EOL. The initial kink in the SAS2H, HELIOS, and WIMS-ABBN curves is the same effect discussed above. An interesting observation is that the curves for SAS2H, WIMS-ABBN, and HELIOS k_o vs burnup data are nearly parallel over the entire burnup history; thus, their slopes are almost the same. The relatively constant displacement of these three curves may be the result of the nuclear data for a particular nuclide in the fuel composition.

5 SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

There is general agreement between the calculated values for k_{eff} , k_o , and k_{inf} between SAS2H, HELIOS, MCU, and TVS-M for all the fresh fuel (zero-burnup) VVER-1000 pin-cell benchmark cases. SAS2H calculations have lower k_{inf} values (~ 1.0-1.5% reactivity) than HELIOS. On the other hand, k_{eff} values are slightly larger for SAS2H results than for HELIOS (by about 1.0% reactivity). Despite differences in the values of absolute multiplication factors, there is good agreement in the values of the reactivity changes between the states.

The SCALE-4.3 control sequence module SAS2H, with its connection to ORIGEN-S depletion code, was used in the simulation of three fuel depletion cases. As verification of the SAS2H results, SCALE-4.3/CSAS cases were run for the same zero-burnup benchmark cases with perfect agreement.

The results of fuel depletion simulations performed with SAS2H for the three cases (V1, V2, and V10, in State S1) are in good general agreement with the results from HELIOS, WIMS-ABBN, and TVS-M. The curves for k_o vs burnup for the four codes show a small kink in the first burnup step that is caused by the 135 Xe and 149 Sm concentrations in the initial fuel compositions in the SAS2H, HELIOS, and WIMS-ABBN calculations using the specified (but too small) concentrations from Reference 1. Overall, the k_o vs burnup curves for the four codes for the fuel depletion simulations show similar trends.

Despite the different code methodologies and nuclear data, there is good agreement between the four codes used in the depletion simulations (SCALE-4.3/SAS2H, HELIOS, WIMS-ABBN, and TVS-M). The results from the codes used for the zero-burnup (non-depletion) pin-cell benchmark cases (SCALE-4.3/SAS2H, HELIOS, MCU-RFFI/A, and TVS-M) are also in good agreement when identical simulations were performed.

The good general agreement between the depletion and non-depletion VVER-1000 pincell benchmark cases between SCALE-4.3/SAS2H and HELIOS serves as an additional verification of the HELIOS code for use in modeling VVER-1000 MOX cases. In addition, the comparison of SCALE-4.3/SAS2H and HELIOS results from ORNL with the results of the Russian codes MCU-RFFI/A, TVS-M, and WIMS-ABBN is important as a good gauge of the agreement of the various codes and nuclear data.

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- 6. V.D. Sidorenko, et al, "Spectral Code TVS-M for Calculation of Characteristics of Cells, Supercells and Fuel Assemblies of VVER-Type Reactors", Fifth Symposium of the AER, Dobogoko, Hungary, October 15-20, 1995.

APPENDIX A. SAMPLE SAS2H INPUT DATA FILE - CASE V1, S1 (LEU UO₂)

```
parm=(oldsas2,skipshipdata)
                                              zr-94
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
=sas2h
FMDP V1 S1 pin-cell case...
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                             nb-94
                                             zr-95
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
238groupndf5
                  latticecell
                                             nb-95
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
' mixtures of fuel-pin-unit-cell
            1 0 8.7370-4 1027 end
1 0 1.8744-2 1027 end
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                             mo-95
u-235
            1 0 1.8744-2 1027 end
1 0 3.9235-2 1027 end
u-238
                                             zr-96
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                             mo-96
0~16
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
xe-135
            1 0 9.4581-9 1027 end
                                             mo-97
            1 0 7.3667-8 1027 end
                                             mo-98
                                                       1 0
                                                            1.00e-20 1027 end
sm-149
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
 '--- fuel (averaged number densities)
                                             mo-99
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
u-234
         1 0 8.2515-21 1027 end
                                             tc-99
u-236
          1 0 5.5870-21 1027 end
                                             ru-99
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                             mo-100
u~232
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
u-233
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                             ru-100
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                             ru-101
u-237
                                             ru-102
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
np-237
                                             pd-102
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
np-238
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                             ru-103
pu-236
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                             rh-103
pu-237
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                             ru-104
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
pu-238
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                             pd-104
pu-239
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                             ru-105
pu-240
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
pu-241
                                             rh-105
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
pu-242
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                             pd-105
pu-243
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                             ru-106
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                             pd-106
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
pu-244
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
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am-241
         1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                             ag-107
am-242m
                                             pd-108
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
am-242
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                             cd-108
am-243
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                             ag-109
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cm - 241
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                             pd-110
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
cm-242
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                             cd-110
cm-243
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
cm-244
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                                             ag-111
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
cm-245
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                                              cd-111
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cm-246
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                                              cd-112
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
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          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                              cd-113
cm - 247
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                              in-113
cm-248
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
' fission products
                                              cd-114
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                              sn-114
qe-72
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          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
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ge-73
                                              cd-115m
                                              in-115
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ge-74
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
as-75
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                                              sn-115
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1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
ge-76
                                              cd-116
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
se-76
                                              sn-116
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                              sn-117
se-77
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                              sn-118
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027
                                                                           end
se-78
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                              sn-119
br-79
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                              sn-120
se-80
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                              sb-121
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
kr-80
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
br-81
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                              sn-122
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                              te-122
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
se-82
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
kr-82
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                              sn-123
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
kr-83
                                              sb-123
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                              te-123
kr-84
                                                        1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
kr-85
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                              sn-124
                                                        1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
rb-85
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                              sb-124
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                              te-124
kr-86
rb-86
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                              sn-125
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
sr-86
                                                        1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                             sb-125
rb-87
                                                        1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                              te-125
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
sr-87
                                                        1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                              sn-126
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
sr-88
                                             sb-126
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
sr-89
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                              te-126
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
y-89
                                                        1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                              xe-126
sr-90
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                              te-127m
y-90
zr-90
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                              i-127
                                                        1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                        1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                              te-128
y-91
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                                                        1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                              xe-128
 zr-91
                                              te-129m
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
zr-92
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
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                                              i-129
 zr-93
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
nb-93
```

```
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xe-129
                                               ho-165 1 0 1.00e-20 1027 ender-166
te-130
                                                0 1.00e-20 1027 end
i-130
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                er-167 1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
xe-130
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                ' end of fission products
i-131
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                               0 4.23-2
                                                zr _____2
                                                                                  579 end
xe-131
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                           3 0 4.783-2 579 end
3 0 2.391-2 579 end
3 0 4.7344-6 579 end
te-132
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                                               h
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
xe-132
                                                0-16
xe-133
                                               b-10
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
cs-133
                                                b-11
                                                           3 0 1.9177-5 579 end
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
xe-134
                                                end comp
cs-134
                                                ' fuel-pin-cell geometry:
ba-134
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                triangpitch 1.275 0.772 1 3 0.9164 2
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
i-135
                                                  end
cs-135
                                               more data dz=0. dy=57.357 bkl=0.0
ba-135
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                szf=.75 isn=16 eps=.00001
                                               ptc=.00001 end
assembly and cycle parameters:
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
xe-136
cs-136
                                               npin/assm=1 fuelngth=275.6454 ncycles=32
ba-136
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
cs-137
                                               nlib/cyc=1
ba-137
          1 0
              1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                printlevel=6
ba-138
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                lightel=1
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
la-139
                                               power=.041910912 burn=0.00001 down=0 end
ba-140
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                               power=.041910912 burn=23.8601 down=0 end
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
la-140
                                               power=.041910912 burn=47.7203 down=0 end
ce-140
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                               power=.041910912 burn=47.7203 down=0 end
ce-141
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                               power=.041910912 burn=47.7203 down=0 end
pr-141
                                               power=.041910912 burn=47.7203 down=0 end
power=.041910912 burn=47.7203 down=0 end
ce-142
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
pr-142
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                               power=.041910912 burn=47.7203 down=0 end
nd-142
                                               power=.041910912 burn=47.7203 down=0 end
power=.041910912 burn=47.7203 down=0 end
ce-143
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
pr-143
                                               power=.041910912 burn=47.7203 down=0 end
nd-143
                                               power=.041910912 burn=47.7203 down=0 end
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
ce-144
                                               power=.041910912 burn=47.7203 down=0 end
nd-144
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                               power=.041910912 burn=47.7203 down=0 end
nd-145
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                               power=.041910912 burn=47.7203 down=0 end
nd-146
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                               power=.041910912 burn=47.7203 down=0 end
nd-147
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                               power=.041910912 burn=47.7203 down=0 end
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
pm-147
                                               power=.041910912 burn=47.7203 down=0 end
sm-147
                                               power=.041910912 burn=47.7203 down=0 end
nd-148
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                               power=.041910912 burn=47.7203 down=0 end
pm-148
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                               power=.041910912 burn=47.7203 down=0 end
pm-148m
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                               power=.041910912 burn=47.7203 down=0 end
power=.041910912 burn=47.7203 down=0 end
sm-148
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
pm-149
                                               power=.041910912 burn=47.7203 down=0 end
nd-150
                                               power=.041910912 burn=47.7203 down=0 end
sm-150
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                               power=.041910912 burn=47.7203 down=0 end
pm-151
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                               power=.041910912 burn=47.7203 down=0 end
sm-151
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                               power=.041910912 burn=47.7203 down=0 end
eu-151
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                               power=.041910912 burn=47.7203 down=0 end
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
sm-152
                                               power=.041910912 burn=47.7203 down=0 end
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
eu-152
                                               power=.041910912 burn=47.7203 down=0 end
ad-152
                                               power=.041910912 burn=47.7203 down=0 end
sm-153
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
eu-153
sm-154
                                               zr
                                                    0.33820827
eu-154
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                               end
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
ad-154
eu-155
gd-155
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
eu-156
gd-156
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
eu-157
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
gd-157
gd-158
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
tb-159
gd-160
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
tb-160
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
dy-160
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
dy-161
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
dy-162
dy-163
```

dy-164

1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end

APPENDIX B. SAMPLE SAS2H INPUT DATA FILE - CASE V2, S1 (WG MOX)

```
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                             zr-90
           parm=(oldsas2,skipshipdata)
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
FMDP V2 S1buck "extramore"
                              pin-cell
                                             y-91
                  latticecell
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                             zr-91
238groupndf5
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                             zr-92
mixtures of fuel-'pin-unit-cell
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                             zr-93
                  3.8393-5 1027 end
                                             nb-93
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                  1.8917-2 1027 end
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
               0
u-238
            1
                                             zr-94
                  6.5875-4 1027 end
pu-239
               0
                                             nb-94
pu-240
                  4.2323-5 1027 end
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
            1
                                             zr-95
                  7.0246-6 1027 end
4.1707-2 1027 end
               0
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
pu-241
            1
                                             nb-95
            1
               0
0 - 16
                                             mo-95
              0 9.4581-9 1027 end
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
xe~135
            1
                                             zr-96
sm-149 1 0 7.3667-8 1027 end
'fuel (averaged number 'densities)
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                             mo-96
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                             mo-97
         1 0 8.2515-21 1027 end
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
11-234
                                             mo-98
          1 0 5.5870-21 1027 end
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
u-236
                                             mo-99
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
11 - 232
                                             tc-99
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
u-233
                                             ru-99
         1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
u-237
                                             mo-100
np-237
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                             ru-100
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
np-238
                                             ru-101
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                        1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
pu-236
                                             ru-102
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                             pd-102
                                                        1 0 1.00e-20 1027
                                                                           end
pu-237
                                                        1 0 1.00e-20 1027
pu-238
                                             ru-103
                                                                            end
                                                        1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
pu-239
                                             rh-103
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
pu-240
                                                        1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                             ru-104
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
pu-241
                                                        1 0 1.00e-20 1027
                                                                           end
                                             pd-104
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                        1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
pu-242
                                              ru-105
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                        1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
pu-243
                                             rh-105
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                        1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
pu-244
                                             pd-105
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
am - 241
                                                        1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                             ru-106
                                            pd-106
am-242m
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                        1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
am - 242
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                        1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                             pd-107
              1.00e-20 1027 end
am-243
          1 0
                                                        1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                              ag-107
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                        1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
cm-241
                                              pd-108
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                        1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
cm-242
                                              cd-108
cm-243
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                        1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                              ag-109
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                        1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
cm-244
                                              pd-110.
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
cm-245
                                                        1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                              cd-110
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
cm-246
                                                        1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                              ag-111
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                        1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
cm - 247
                                              cd-111
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
cm-248
                                              cd-112
                                                        1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
 fission products
                                                        1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                              cd-113
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
ge-72
                                                        1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                              in-113
ge-73
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                        1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                              cd-114
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                              sn-114
                                                        1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
ge-74
                                                        1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                              cd-115m
as-75
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                        1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
ge-76
                                              in-115
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
se-76
                                              sn-115
                                                        1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
se-77
                                                        1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                              cd-116
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                        1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
 se-78
                                              sn-116
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                        1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
br-79
                                              sn-117
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                        1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
 se-80
                                              sn-118
 kr - 80
                                              sn-119
                                                        1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
br-81
                                              sn-120
                                                        1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                        1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
 se-82
                                              sb-121
                                                        1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
 kr-82
                                              sn-122
           1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                        1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
 kr-83
                                              te-122
           1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
 kr-84
                                                        1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                              sn-123
                                                        1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
 kr-85
                                              sb-123
           1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                        1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
 rb-85
                                              te-123
           1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                        1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
 kr-86
                                              sn-124
 rb-86
                                              sb~124
                                                        1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                        1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
           1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
 sr-86
                                              te-124
           1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                         1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
 rb-87
                                              sn-125
 sr-87
                                              sb-125
                                                        1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
           1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                            1.00e-20 1027 end
 sr-88
                                               te-125
                                                         1 0
           1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
 sr-89
                                               sn-126
                                                         1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
 y-89
           1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                         1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                               sb-126
           1 0 1.00e-20 1027 endy-90
                                            1 te-126
                                                         1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
 sr-90
 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                               xe-126
                                                         1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
```

```
te-127m 1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                                     dy-160
                                                                                    1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
               1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                                     dy-161
                                                                                     1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
te~128
                                                                                     1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                                    dy-162
xe-128
                                                                     dy-163
                                                                                     1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
              1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                              dy-164
                                                                                     1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
te-129m
i-129
                                                                    ho-165
                                                                                     1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                                   er-166
er-167
xe-129
                                                                                     1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
              1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end

1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end

1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end

1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end

1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end

1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
              1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end er-167 1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end 'end of fission products
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end zr 2 0 4.23-2 579 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end h 3 0 4.783-2 579 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end o-16 3 0 2.391-2 579 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end b-10 3 0 4.7344-6 579 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end b-11 3 0 1.9177-5 579 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end end comp
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end triangpitch 1.275 0.772 1 3 0.9164 2
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end more data dz=0. dy=57.357 bkl=0.0
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end szf=.75 isn=16
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end szsembly and cycle parameters:
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end npin/assm=1 fuelngth=274.81039
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end ncycles=32 nlib/cyc=1
te~130
                                                                                     1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
i-130
xe~130
i-131
xe-131
te-132
             1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
xe-132
xe-133
cs-133
xe-134
cs-134
ba-134
i-135
cs-135
ba-135
               1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
xe-136
cs-136
                                                                     ncycles=32 nlib/cyc=1
ba-136
                                                                     Printlevel=6
cs-137
               1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                                     lightel=1
ba-137
               1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                                     power=.0417837 burn=0.00001 down=0 end
ba-138
                                                                   power=.0417837 burn=23.93278 down=0 end
la-139
                                                                    power=.0417837 burn=47.86556 down=0 end
               1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
ba-140
                                                                    power=.0417837 burn=47.86556 down=0 end
               1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
la-140
                                                                   power=.0417837 burn=47.86556 down=0 end
ce-140
                                                                    power=.0417837 burn=47.86556 down=0 end
power=.0417837 burn=47.86556 down=0 end
               1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
ce-141
pr-141
                                                                   power=.0417837 burn=47.86556 down=0 end
ce-142
                                                                    power=.0417837 burn=47.86556 down=0 end
power=.0417837 burn=47.86556 down=0 end
               1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
pr-142
               1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
nd-142
                                                                 power=.0417837 burn=47.86556 down=0 end
power=.0417837 burn=47.86556 down=0 end
power=.0417837 burn=47.86556 down=0 end
power=.0417837 burn=47.86556 down=0 end
ce-143
pr-143
               1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
               1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
nd-143
ce-144
                                                                  power=.0417837 burn=47.86556 down=0 end
nd-144
                                                                  power=.0417837 burn=47.86556 down=0 end
power=.0417837 burn=47.86556 down=0 end
nd-145
               1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
               1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
nd-146
                                                                   power=.0417837 burn=47.86556 down=0 end
nd-147
                                                                   power=.0417837 burn=47.86556 down=0 end
pm-147
               1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                                    power=.0417837 burn=47.86556 down=0 end
               1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
sm-147
                                                                   power=.0417837 burn=47.86556 down=0 end
nd-148
                                                                    power=.0417837 burn=47.86556 down=0 end
power=.0417837 burn=47.86556 down=0 end
pm-148
               1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
pm-148m 1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end.
sm-148 1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                              power=.0417837 burn=47.86556 down=0 end
                                                                   power=.0417837 burn=47.86556 down=0 end
power=.0417837 burn=47.86556 down=0 end
              1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
pm-149
nd-150
                                                                  power=.0417837 burn=47.86556 down=0 end
sm-150
                                                                  power=.0417837 burn=47.86556 down=0 end
power=.0417837 burn=47.86556 down=0 end
pm-151
sm-151
               1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                                     power=.0417837 burn=47.86556 down=0 end
               1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
eu-151
                                                                     power=.0417837 burn=47.86556 down=0 end
sm-152
                                                                 power=.0417837 burn=47.86556 down=0 end
eu-152
               1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
               1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
gd-152
sm-153
                                                                     zr 0.33719
                                                                      end
eu-153
               1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
               1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
sm-154
eu-154
gd-154
               1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
               1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
eu-155
gd-155
               1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
eu-156
gd-156
eu-157
              1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
gd-157
ad-158
tb-159
gd-160
               1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
```

tb-160

1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end

APPENDIX C. SAMPLE SAS2H INPUT DATA FILE – CASE V10, S1 (RG MOX)

```
zr-91
                                                                          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
     parm=(oldsas2,skipshipdata)
                                                             zr-92
                                                                          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
FMDP V1 S1 pin-cell case...
                                                             zr-93
                                                                          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                                         1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
238groupndf5 latticecell
                                                             nb-93
' mixtures of fuel-pin-unit-cell
                                                            zr-94
                                                                          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                          nb-94
zr-95
nb-95
mo-95
                                                                          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                                          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                                          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                                          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                           zr-96
                                                                          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                                          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                            mo-96
                                                           mo-97
                                                                          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                      mo-98
                                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                           mo-99
                                                                         1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                                          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                            tc-99
                                                           ru-99
                                                                         1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                           mo-100
                                                                         1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
 ' --- fuel(averaged number
                                                                          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
     densities)
                                                            ru-100
                                                           ru-101
u-234 1 0 8.2515-21 1027 end
                                                                         1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                       ru-102 1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
pd-102 1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
ru-103 1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
             1 0 5.5870-21 1027 end
u-236
         1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
u-232
u-233
                                                           rh-103 1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
ru-104 1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
         1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
u-237
np-237
                                                             ru-104
                                                                          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                            pd-104 1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
pd-104 1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
ru-105 1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
np-237 1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
np-238 1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
pu-236 1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
pu-237
            1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                          rh-105 1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
ru-106 1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
pd-106 1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
pd-107 1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
pd-107 1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                             rh-105
                                                                          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
pu-243
pu-244
             1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
am-242m 1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
am-242 1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                            ag-107 1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
am - 243
             1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                           pd-108 1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end cd-108 1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end ag-109 1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end pd-110 1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end cd-110 1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end cd-110 1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
            1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
cm-241
cm-242
cm-243
             1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
             1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
cm-244
cm-245
             1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                         ag-111 1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
cm-246
             1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                           cd-111 1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
cd-112 1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
cd-113 1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
            1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
cm-247
cm-248
 ' fission products
         1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                           in-113
cd-114
                                                                          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
ge-72
ge-73
                                                                          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                           sn-114
ge-74
             1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                                          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                           cd-115m 1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
in-115 1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
sn-115 1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
as-75
           1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
            1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
ge-76
se-76
                                                         sn-115 1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end

sn-116 1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end

sn-117 1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end

sn-118 1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end

sn-119 1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end

sn-120 1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end

sn-120 1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
           1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
se-77
se-78
             1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
br-79
             1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
             1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
se-80
             1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
kr-80
             1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
br-81
                                                           sb-121 1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end

sn-122 1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end

te-122 1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end

sn-123 1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
             1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
se-82
kr-82
             1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
kr-83
             1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
             1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
kr-84
                                                           sb-123 1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
te-123 1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
sn-124 1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
sb-124 1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
te-124 1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
             1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
kr-85
rb-85
             1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
kr-86
             1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
 rb-86
 sr-86
                                                           sn-125 1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
             1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
rb-87
                                                           sb-125
te-125
             1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                                       1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                                          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
 sr-87
 sr-88
             1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                           sn-126
sr-89
                                                                          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                            sb-126
                                                             1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
y-89
             1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                             te-126
 sr-90
y-90
             1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                             xe-126
             1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
 zr-90
                                                                          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
y-91
             1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                              i-127
```

```
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
te-128
                                                dy-162
                                                            1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
xe-128
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                 dy-163
                                                            1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                            1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
te-129m 1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                 dy-164
i-129
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                 ho-165
                                                            1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
xe-129
                                                            1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                 er-166
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
te-130
                                                  er-167
                                                 end of fission products
i-130
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                             2 0 4.23-2
3 0 4.783-2
xe-130
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                 zr
                                                                             579 end
                                                \mathbf{h}_{i} \mathbf{h}_{i}
i-131
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                                             579 end
                                                 o-16
b-10
                                                             3 0 2.391-2 579 end
xe-131
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                             3 0 4.7344-6 579 end
3 0 1.9177-5 579 end
te-132
xe-132
                                                 b-11
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                 end comp
xe-133
                                                 fuel-pin-cell geometry:
cs-133
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                triangpitch 1.275 0.772 1 3 0.9164 2
xe-134
cs-134
                                                   end
ba-134
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                more data dz=0. dy=57.357 bkl=0.0
                                                szf=.75 isn=16
eps=.00001 ptc=.00001 end
' assembly and cycle parameters:
npin/assm=1 fuelngth=223.66843
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
i-135
cs-135
ba-135
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
xe-136
cs-136
                                                 ncycles=32 nlib/cyc=1
ba-136
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                 printlevel=6
cs-137
                                                 lightel=1
ba-137
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                 power=.0340078 burn=0.00001 down=0 end
ba-138
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                 power=.0340078 burn=29.40502 down=0 end
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
la-139
                                                 power=.0340078 burn=58.81004 down=0 end
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
ba-140
                                                 power=.0340078 burn=58.81004 down=0 end
la-140
                                                 power=.0340078 burn=58.81004 down=0 end
ce-140
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                 power=.0340078 burn=58.81004 down=0 end
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
ce-141
                                                 power=.0340078 burn=58.81004 down=0 end
pr-141
                                                 power=.0340078 burn=58.81004 down=0 end
power=.0340078 burn=58.81004 down=0 end
ce-142
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
pr-142
                                                 power=.0340078 burn=58.81004 down=0 end
nd-142
                                                 power=.0340078 burn=58.81004 down=0 end
power=.0340078 burn=58.81004 down=0 end
ce-143
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
pr-143
                                                 power=.0340078 burn=58.81004 down=0 end
nd-143
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                 power=.0340078 burn=58.81004 down=0 end
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
ce-144
                                                 power=.0340078 burn=58.81004 down=0 end
nd-144
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                 power=.0340078 burn=58.81004 down=0 end
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
nd-145
                                                power=.0340078 burn=58.81004 down=0 end
nd-146
                                                 power=.0340078 burn=58.81004 down=0 end
nd-147
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                 power=.0340078 burn=58.81004 down=0 end
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
pm-147
                                                power=.0340078 burn=58.81004 down=0 end
sm-147
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                 power=.0340078 burn=58.81004 down=0 end
nd-148
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                 power=.0340078 burn=58.81004 down=0 end
pm-148
                                                 power=.0340078 burn=58.81004 down=0 end
pm-148m
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                 power=.0340078 burn=58.81004 down=0 end
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
sm-148
                                                 power=.0340078 burn=58.81004 down=0 end
pm-149
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                 power=.0340078 burn=58.81004 down=0 end
nd-150
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                              power=.0340078 burn=58.81004 down=0 end
power=.0340078 burn=58.81004 down=0 end
sm-150
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
pm-151
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                 power=.0340078 burn=58.81004 down=0 end
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
sm-151
                                                 power=.0340078 burn=58.81004 down=0 end
eu-151
                                                 power=.0340078 burn=58.81004 down=0 end
sm-152
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                 power=.0340078 burn=58.81004 down=0 end
eu-152
ad-152
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                 zr 0.27444
sm-153
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
                                                 end
eu-153
sm-154
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
eu-154
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
ad-154
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
eu-155
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
gd-155
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
eu-156
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
gd-156
eu-157
gd-157
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
qd-158
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
          1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end
tb-159
```

gd-160

tb-160 dy-160 1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end 1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end

1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end 1 0 1.00e-20 1027 end

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